City of Coolidge, Arizona Home of the Casa Grande Ruins



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

City of Coolidge, Arizona



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by the Finance Department Gabriel Garcia, Finance Director

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City of Coolidge

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December 27, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Coolidge:

We are pleased to submit to you the City of Coolidge Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The primary purpose of this report is to provide the City Council, Coolidge Citizens, legislative bodies, investors and creditors with detailed information concerning the financial condition and performance of the City of Coolidge, Arizona. In addition, this report provides assurance that the City presents fairly its financial position as verified by independent auditors. These financial statements have been prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Coolidge for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The City of Coolidge financial statements have been audited by the independent audit firm of Colby and Powell, PLC Certified Public Accountants. This audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Coolidge's MD&A is in the financial section immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

Coolidge is in the center of the rapidly expanding growth corridor in Western Pinal County. It continues to be the commercial center of Arizona's cotton industry and is a business friendly City that attracts investment and new businesses. In 1925, after construction of the Coolidge Dam transformed the flat desert into rich farm and ranch land, R.J. Jones laid out an 80-acre site to found the City. The City's name honors President Calvin Coolidge, who dedicated the dam in 1930. Almost 100,000 people annually visit the Casa Grande Ruins National Monument in Coolidge to learn of the prehistoric Hohokam people who constructed the Casa Grande (Spanish for "Big House"), a four-story caliche structure built in the 1300's. Coolidge incorporated in September of 1945 and was primarily dependent on agriculture and some mining. At incorporation the City encompassed one square mile, presently Coolidge sits at over 76.8 square miles. Its economy has diversified to include manufacturing, tourism and regional trade services for agricultural producers and farm families. The Coolidge Industrial Park, the Union Pacific Railroad Industrial Park and Randolph Industrial Park have boosted the presence of manufacturing and the City is setting the stage for increased economic development in these industrial centers.

The City of Coolidge operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council, who has policy making and legislative authority, is comprised of one Mayor and six Council Members. The Mayor is elected every two years, while Council Members are elected to four year overlapping terms, on a non-partisan, at large basis. City Council is responsible for appointing the City Manager, Chief Fiscal Officer, City Magistrate and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and Ordinances of the City Council and for the general administrative supervision and control of the affairs of the City.

The City of Coolidge provides a full-range of municipal services to include: public safety, recreation, library, streets maintenance and construction, planning and zoning, building code enforcement, animal control, and public transit. The City also provides business-like enterprises that include liquid waste, solid waste and municipal airport services.

In 2014, the City updated the General Plan. This process endeavors a mission to provide exceptional quality services, in partnership with the community, while maintaining a financially sustainable City. This process provides a mechanism in which staff can identify major challenges, short and long term issues and projects, and goals and objectives that the city is expected to face in the next five to fifteen years, the role that City government plays in responding to these issues and challenges, and the resources needed by the city government to fulfill their role.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Coolidge's financial planning and control. The initial budgetary goal of each department is to request sufficient funds to carry-out the responsibilities within general guidelines established by the City Council. Each department is responsible for establishing priorities within its programs and justifying them to the City Manager. All departments evaluate their programs and services classifying their values and priorities. The Finance Director analyzes departmental budget requests, in comparison with estimated revenues, and presents recommendations for a balanced budget to the City Manager. The City Manager then presents a proposed, balanced budget to City Council for review in March of each year. City Council budget sessions take place during the months of March, April and May affording the public input on the proposed budget. These sessions are available on the city's website and also aired on the city's public television station. Once final additions and deletions are made, the Tentative Budget is adopted by City Council in June and the Final Budget in July.

FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Internal Controls

The management of the City of Coolidge is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. Reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Internal Controls encompass both internal and external audit functions and measure the procedures established within the city's automated accounting and budgeting system framework. They are subject to periodic evaluation by management and considered by the independent auditors as a basis for designing the City's auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. The Finance Department staff believes the city's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

The City of Coolidge, like many cities in the State of Arizona, operates under the Local Alternative Expenditure Limitation – Pure Home Rule Option that must be adopted by the local voters every four years. This allows the Mayor and Council, as part of the annual budget process; to adopt an Alternative Expenditure Limitation equal to the total amount of budgeted expenditures/expenses as it appears on the annual budget to be adopted each year after a public hearing at which the citizens of the City of Coolidge may comment. No expenditures may be made in violation of such Alternative Expenditure Limitation, nor may any proposed expenditures be in excess of estimated available revenues. The City of Coolidge last adopted the Local Alternative Expenditure Limitation in September of 2015 to be used through June 30, 2019. Under the Local Alternative Expenditure Limitation the city is allowed to adjust the state imposed expenditure base (per Article IX, Section 20(1) of the Arizona Constitution) from \$50,981,316 to \$63,255,265 for fiscal year 2018/2019.

The city maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated operating budget approved by the Mayor and Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, and enterprise funds, are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the fund level with any budget revisions requiring a transfer between funds approved by the City Council. The City additionally exercises management control and oversight of the budget at the department level within each fund.

MAJOR BUDGETARY INITIATIVES

The City of Coolidge has relied on fiscal conservativeness to endure times of economic decline over recent years however there are several initiatives that have a direct impact on the current year's financial statements such as:

Freeze on Capital Funds – The City Council continued the freeze on the Capital Projects
 Fund for projects listed in the Capital Improvement Plan unless funded by a grant or

impact fees. This enabled the city to scrutinize the projects in the Capital Improvement Plan for necessity and timeframe for completion.

- In Lieu Property Tax The city continues to receive roughly \$700,000 per year for "in lieu property tax" from the Salt River Project for the TransCanada Power Generating Station. The Salt River Project is considered property tax exempt, but has agreed to pay the City the equivalent of the property tax it would normally generate on a privately operated power station.
- Public Safety Personnel Retirement System The overall pension liability continued to grow and the employer contribution rates are 41.5% for Police tier one and tier two and 39.39% for tier three. Tier one and two for fire are 16.42% and 10.71% for tier three. This was the first year the City had to participate in multi-tiered rate structure which affected general fund operations budgets.
- <u>Debt Reduction</u> The City paid off two outstanding capital leases to free up additional capital for future years. The Council has shown support for being fiscally conservative.
- Organizational Restructure The City began restructuring the management team and other positions within the City to better align with current needs and resources available.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Coolidge operates.

From Coolidge's founding until the early 1950's, the economy was mainly dependent on agriculture, and to a lesser extent, mining. Growth was relatively steady until the late 1940's. As water use reached an optimum and mechanical equipment replaced farm workers, it leveled off. The Coolidge economy diversified as manufacturers located in and near the City and greater emphasis was placed on winter tourism. Today, it is a regional trade and service center for agricultural producers, providing equipment, supplies and personal services for farming. Government agencies, such as the Pinal County, Arizona Training Program, Central Arizona College, and State/Private Correctional Facilities are also major sources of jobs.

The City of Coolidge experienced considerable growth from 2001 through 2010 with the City's population increasing roughly 52% since the 2000 Census. However, as the City struggled from 2008 to 2016 from the downturn in the economy and slow recovery from the recession. The City showed significant growth in revenues related to housing and development with licenses and permits raising by \$201,130 and charges for services increasing \$77,176. Despite the uptick in revenues for development taxes including sales tax and property tax decreased by \$102,890. Revenues for sales tax showed a \$47,071 decrease as they are affected by online shopping and will hopefully see some relief with the implementation of the Wayfair legislation in fiscal 2020. Property taxes decreased slightly as the City lowered the primary tax rate from \$1.9082 to \$1.8759. Increased housing minimized the effect of lowering the tax rate however the decrease was \$55,819.

The unemployment rate, as of June 2019, has decreased from 7.0% to 6.5% which is still significantly higher than the state's unemployment rate of 4.9% percent.

LONG TERM PLANNING

A major challenge confronting rapidly growing cities and towns today is developing programs in an era of budgetary constraints. It would appear that finances do not seem to increase at the same pace as the demands for effective services. Balancing these contradictory factors seems impossible at times. Sound budget and finance techniques are both a point-of-view and a process to obtain and make maximum use of all resources available. Sound administration of the local budget process is a necessity. The City of Coolidge is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life for its citizens and to providing municipal services in the most effective and efficient manner while exercising fiscal responsibility. The City completed several projects this year:

- **Debt payoff** the City paid off two capital leases early totaling \$208,328 for a fire tender (\$141,798) and fire pumper (\$66,530).
- <u>Landmark Ranch Playground</u> the City installed new playground equipment totaling \$55,551.
- New World Upgrade the City began upgrade of a new Fire/Police platform that unifies reporting, communication and streamlines operations \$220,000.

Future Projects Include:

- Wastewater Treatment Plant the City is continuing the design and permitting phase of upgrading the existing Wastewater Treatment Plant to a 4.0 MGD class A effluent facility.
- Aquatics Center and Northern Avenue Improvements the voters recently approved a \$5 million General Obligation Bond to build a new aquatics facility including roadway improvements along Northern Avenue. The City plans to issue bonds in fiscal 2020 and begin construction.
- Airport Power Upgrade the City is continuing to evaluate potential growth opportunities at the 2017 ADOT Airport of the Year, in order to do so improvements will need to be made to both the existing infrastructure, runways and electrical supplies to handle new loads required for expansion.
- Airport Runway Grant the City received a \$8.5 million dollar FAA grant for runway 5-23 which is a complete reconstruction and lighting grant to include precision approach path indicator's, runway end identifier lights, runway lighting and reconstruction of the runway including blast pads.
- Nikola Motors the City entered into a development agreement to bring Nikola Motors and it's nearly \$800 million manufacturing facility to the Coolidge Industrial Park to manufacture hydrogen fuel cell semi-trucks. Construction expected to commence in fiscal year 2020.
- <u>Utility Scale Solar Projects</u> the City approved two 100 megawatt solar power facilities expected to break ground in early 2020.
- Investment Policy the City implemented an investment policy that will allow increased interest income while focusing on safety, liquidity and return.

<u>Debt Payoff</u> – the City plans to pay off the Greater Arizona Development Authority loan for the Police Department/Council Chambers in fiscal 2020. This loan was set to mature in 2023 however the City will satisfy its obligation and defease the bonds in December of 2019 roughly \$1,015,000.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Coolidge for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the tenth consecutive year that the City of Coolidge has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City of Coolidge had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report which satisfied both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department, department directors, and administration. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and Members of the City Council for their continued support in maintaining the highest standards and accountability in the management of the City of Coolidge's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Gabriel Garcia

Gabriel Garcia Finance Director/CFO





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Coolidge Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF COOLIDGE

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MAYOR

Jon Thompson

VICE MAYOR

Jacque Hendrie-Henry

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Ben Navarro Steve Hudson

Tina Kaufman Jimmy Walker

Tatiana Murrieta

SENIOR MANAGEMENT STAFF

Rick Miller City Manager

Norma Ortiz Matt Rencher
City Clerk & HR Director Public Works Director

Gabriel Garcia Mark Dillon Finance Director Fire Chief

Georgie Garcia Robby Criswell
Magistrate IT Director

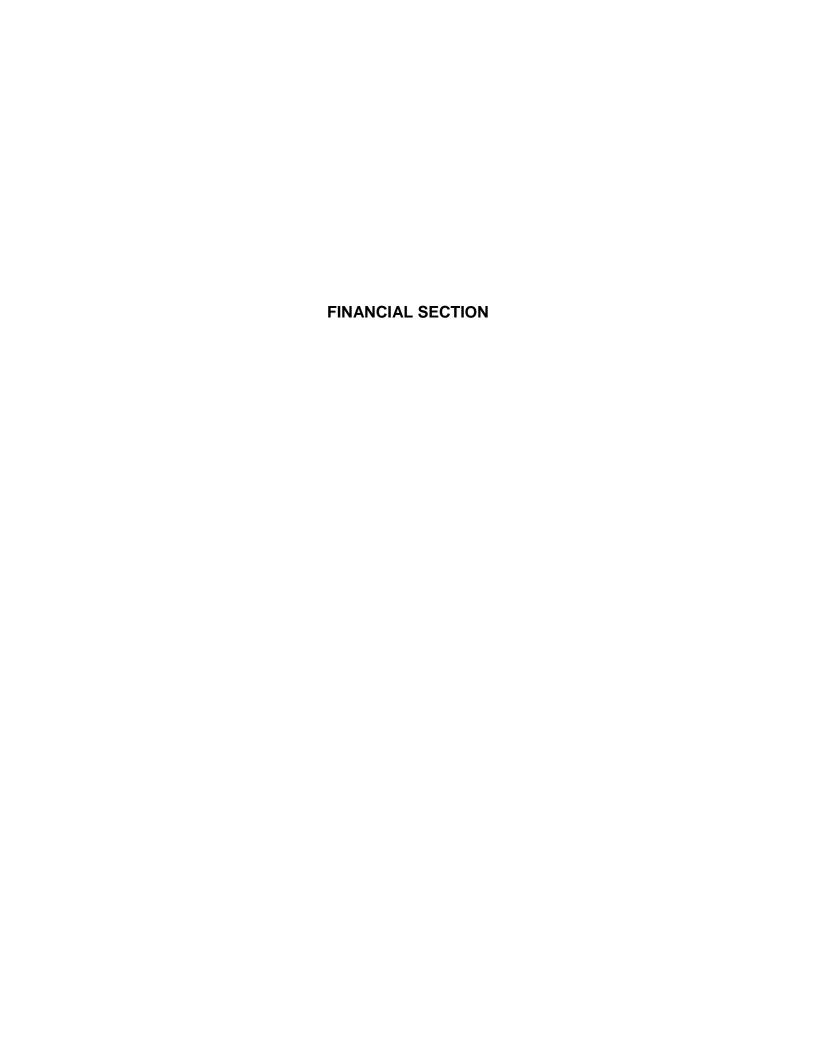
James Malinski Ricky LaPaglia

Chief of Police Library, Parks & Recreation Director

Gilbert Lopez
Grants & Development Services
Director

City Of Coolidge **Animal Control** Development Enforcement Inspections Planning & Services Grants Zoning Code Street Maintenance Vehicle Maintenance Sewer Services **Public Works** Maintenance Sanitation Services Building Airport Resources City Attorney City Clerk Human Channel XI Ξ. Sewer & Trash Billings Mayor & City Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable Coolidge Citizens Finance Council Payroll Boards & Commissions Investigations Dispatch Police Patrol COMPANDARY. Fire Parks & Recreation Maintenance Senior Adult Community Recreation Services Programs Aquatics Grounds Events Library







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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Coolidge, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Coolidge, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and grants fund of the City of Coolidge, Arizona, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion & Analysis and net pension liability and other post-employment benefit plan information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Coolidge, Arizona's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, capital assets schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are management's responsibility and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, City Council, management, and other responsible parties within the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Coolidge, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Coolidge, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Colby + Powell
December 27, 2019

FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Coolidge, Arizona (City) is pleased to provide an overview of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to provide an introduction to the basic financial statements that provides an objective and easy to read analysis of our financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Coolidge, Arizona exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$71,578,233 (net position).
- The City's total net position decreased \$316,646 from \$71,894,879 to \$71,578,233 during the fiscal year.
- As of the June 30, 2019, the City of Coolidge, Arizona's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,739,408, an increase of \$1,505,794 in comparison with the prior year largely due to increased licenses and permit revenue (\$201,130) and increased impact fees (\$589,417). There was also a decrease of expenditures in the road tax fund (\$440,975) as the City completed major roadwork in the prior year. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,870,099 or 50 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- General fund revenues (on a budgetary basis) were more than budgeted revenues by \$548,775 for fiscal year 2019. Additionally, budgetary basis expenditures were less than the budget by \$3,511,482 in the general fund.
- General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1,111,028 which is a positive variance of \$4,060,257 from the original budget.
- The City includes four separate legal entities in its report a Municipal Property Corporation, an Industrial Development Authority and two Community Facilities Districts. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them. A description of these blended component units is available in Note 1 on pages 37 and 38. Separate financial statements are not available for these entities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Annual Financial Report for the City of Coolidge, Arizona consists of this discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and the required supplementary schedules presented after the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, including the budgetary statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds, and notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Coolidge, Arizona's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Coolidge, Arizona's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the City of Coolidge, Arizona is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Coolidge, Arizona that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Coolidge, Arizona include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and redevelopment and housing. The business-type activities include liquid waste, solid waste, and the municipal airport services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Coolidge, Arizona, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Coolidge, Arizona can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Coolidge, Arizona adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund by department and by fund for special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and any major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-30 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Coolidge, Arizona maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Coolidge, Arizona uses enterprise funds to account for its liquid waste, solid waste, liquid waste impact fees and municipal airport.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the liquid waste, solid waste, and airport funds, each of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Coolidge, Arizona.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-34 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Coolidge, Arizona's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements (pages 37-69) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government—wide and fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements.

Required supplementary information other than MD&A. Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and major special revenue funds as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements, or as required supplementary information after the footnotes. The City has chosen to present these budgetary statements as part of the basic financial statements.

Additionally, governments are required to disclose certain information about employee pension funds. The City has disclosed this information on pages 71-87.

The combining statements are presented on pages 89-92, immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and other postemployment benefits.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table reflects the Condensed Statement of Net Position of the City for June 30, 2019 showing that assets exceeded liabilities by \$71,578,233.

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Government Activities					Business -typ	e Activities	Totals			
	2019			2018		2019	2018	2019		2018	
ASSETS										·	
Current and other assets	\$	10,140,578	\$	7,933,244	\$	2,205,303	\$ 1,872,257	\$	12,345,881	\$ 9,805,501	
Capital assets											
Non-depreciable		1,785,647		1,294,274		1,947,960	1,571,672		3,733,607	2,865,946	
Depreciable (net)		51,483,447		54,700,322		23,400,347	24,096,110		74,883,794	78,796,432	
Total Assets		63,409,672	63,927,840		27,553,610		27,540,039	90,963,282		91,467,879	
Deferred outflows of resources	es 2,646,283			2,885,144		122,341	341 115,699		2,768,624	3,000,843	
LIABILITIES											
Other liabilitites		1,091,183	545,305			191,851	163,779	1,283,034		709,084	
Non-current liabilities											
Due within one year		696,329		788,162		152,461	186,655		848,790	974,817	
Due in more than one year		16,123,828	17,541,595			2,013,380	2,274,335		18,137,208	19,815,930	
Total liabilities		17,911,340		18,875,062		2,357,692	2,624,769		20,269,032	21,499,831	
Deferred inflows of resources	1,736,386			981,857		148,225	92,155		1,884,611	1,074,012	
NET POSITION											
Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt		49,964,342		52,073,197		24,063,974	24,223,422		74,028,316	76,296,619	
Restricted	2,082,674		1,854,884			302,441	124,407	2,385,115		1,979,291	
Unrestricted	(5,638,817)		(6,972,016)			803,619	590,985			(6,381,031)	
Total net position	\$	46,408,199	\$	46,956,065	\$	25,170,034	\$24,938,814	\$	71,578,233	\$71,894,879	
•			_		_			_			

The net position of the City is \$46,408,199 in governmental activities and \$25,170,034 in business-type activities at June 30, 2019.

Net position consists of three components, the largest portion of the City of Coolidge, Arizona's net position (103%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt, used to acquire those assets, that is still outstanding. The City of Coolidge, Arizona uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Coolidge, Arizona's investment in its capital assets is reported net of

related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Additional information on the City's assets can be found in the Notes to the financial Statements on pages 48-49.

An additional portion of the City of Coolidge, Arizona's net position (3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

As illustrated in both the table above and the table below, the City's overall financial position showed a \$316,646 decrease in net position from \$71.9 million to \$71.6 million. This decrease can be attributed to continued investment in capital improvements in governmental activities and development in the business-type activities. Net position in governmental activities reported a \$547,866 decrease primarily in transfers out and the business-type activities reported an increase of \$231,220 primarily through increased transfers in for the airport. The net increase in the governmental and decrease business-type activities are discussed in more detail following the table below.

Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Government Activities					Business -ty	ctivities	Totals				
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019			2018
Revenues											`	
Program Revenues												
Fees, Fines and charges for svcs	\$	1,220,801	\$	912,484	\$	2,215,336	\$	2,002,614	\$	3,436,137	\$	2,915,098
Operating grants and contributions		3,461,768		2,978,648						3,461,768		2,978,648
Capital grants and contributions		526,663		2,048,033						526,663		2,048,033
General Revenues												
Local Taxes		7,382,031		7,502,440						7,382,031		7,502,440
State shared revenues		3,599,329		3,480,556						3,599,329		3,480,556
Investment earnings		14,645		13,307		2,557		1,681		17,202		14,988
Miscellaneous		193,092		176,158				22,631		193,092		198,789
Total Revenues		16,398,329		17,111,626		2,217,893		2,026,926		18,616,222		19,138,552
Expenses												
General government		2,793,489		3,094,226						2,793,489		3,094,226
Public Safety	6,464,459		7,115,555						6,464,459			7,115,555
Highw ays and streets		4,951,187		4,964,760						4,951,187		4,964,760
Culture and recreation		1,271,022		1,275,939						1,271,022		1,275,939
Redevelopment and housing		902,873		688,882						902,873		688,882
Interest on long-term debt		73,173		69,441						73,173		69,441
Liquid Waste						1,166,621		1,099,835		1,166,621		1,099,835
Solid Waste						877,270		875,163		877,270		875,163
Municipal Airport						432,774		617,734		432,774		617,734
Total Expenses		16,456,203		17,208,803		2,476,665		2,592,732		18,932,868		19,801,535
Increase/Decrease in net position												
before transfers		(57,874)		(97,177)		(258,772)		(565,806)		(316,646)		(662,983)
Transfers In (Out)		(489,992)		(266,749)		489,992		266,749		-		-
Change in net position		(547,866)		(363,926)		231,220		(299,057)		(316,646)		(662,983)
Net position, beginning of year												
as restated		46,956,065		47,319,991		24,938,814		25,237,871		71,894,879		72,557,862
Net position, end of year	\$	46,408,199	\$	46,956,065	\$	25,170,034	\$	24,938,814	\$	71,578,233	\$	71,894,879

Changes in net position, shown above, illustrates the City's total revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 compared to the same period ended June 30, 2018.

Governmental Activities.

Program revenues, which include fines, fees and charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions decreased over the prior fiscal year by \$729,933 dollars. The City's fees, fines and charges for services reported a \$308,317 dollar increase. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$483,120 dollars over the prior year largely due to a decrease in grants received for the purposes of revenue for airport, streets and housing improvements. The capital grants and contributions reported a \$1,521,370 dollar decrease largely due to the recognition of a \$1,632,653 contribution from Arizona Department of Transportation for the completion of the Main Street Reconstruction project in the prior year.

General revenues, which include local taxes, impact fees, state shared revenues and investment earnings increased by \$16,635 dollars. Local taxes, including property and City sales taxes, decreased by \$120,409 due to the decrease in local taxes and impact of cyber shopping. State shared revenues increased by \$118,773 dollars due to increased revenue share by the State of Arizona.

Expenses decreased by \$752,601 dollars largely due to decreased spending in general government and public safety.

Business-type Activities.

As discussed above, the City imposes an impact fee to developers for new construction to assist the City in future development and growth. The capital grants for the airport vary from year-to-year based upon funding from various federal and state grants.

Business-type expenses increased in the Liquid Waste due to expenditures related to repairs and maintenance of existing infrastructure and investment in capital projects. Also, liquid waste impact fees increased as a result of increased building and economic development.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of Government funds reported by the City include the General Fund, Grants Fund, Impact Fees Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Road Tax Fund, and Non-Major Governmental Funds.

The City of Coolidge's overall financial position has improved. As of the end of the current fiscal year the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,739,408, an increase of \$1,505,794 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 56% of this total amount \$4,870,099 constitutes General Fund balance. At fiscal year-end 2018-2019 fund balances were as follows:

		Increase
		(Decrease)
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Balance</u>	From 2017-2018
General Fund	\$ 4,870,099	\$ 1,108,826
Grants Fund	481,857	49,653
Impact Fee Fund	746,470	368,258
Capital Projects Fund	1,622,589	112,796
Road Tax Fund	855,063	65,913
Non-major Governmental Funds	<u>163,330</u>	<u>-199,652</u>
Total	\$ 8,739,408	\$ 1,505,794

<u>The General Fund</u> is the chief operating fund of the City of Coolidge, Arizona. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,870,099, an increase of \$1,108,826 over the prior year. This fund balance is available for contribution to the assigned, and unassigned fund balances. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both General Fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. General Fund balance represents 50 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 61 percent of total City expenditures.

The increase to the General Fund balance during the current fiscal year can be attributed to increases in licenses and permits and charges for services.

<u>The Grants Fund</u> reported a \$49,653 increase in fund balance as the City continues to seek grant funds to supplement necessary programming and equipment needs such as transportation, housing, equipment and overtime for public safety. Grant funds are carried over to be spent based on allowable costs and projects in future years.

<u>The Impact Fee Fund</u> reported a \$368,258 fund balance increase due to an increase in building permits and construction around the City. The restricted fund balance will be carried over to future years for future planned capital projects.

<u>The Capital Projects Fund</u> reported a \$112,796 fund balance increase as Council has a made it a priority to be fiscally conservative with long term purchases and has focused primarily on street improvements. The assigned balance will be carried over to future years for planned capital projects.

<u>The Road Tax Fund</u> reported an increase of \$65,913 as Council has made road improvements a high priority and has been utilizing the Pinal County Excise Tax

Obligation to allow for project acceleration. The restricted fund balance will be carried over to future years for planned construction projects.

<u>The Non-Major Governmental Funds</u> reported a \$199,652 decrease in fund balance due to increased principal expenditures in debt services as the City retired debt early.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the City. Budgetary comparison statements are required for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds and may be found on pages 29-30 and 94-96. These statements compare the original adopted budget, the budget if amended throughout the fiscal year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis. The City did not amend its budget during the fiscal year.

General Fund revenues of \$10,915,404, on a budgetary basis, were more than budgeted revenues of \$10,366,629 by \$548,775 and general fund expenditures of \$9,804,376 were less than the budgeted expenditures of \$13,315,858 by \$3,511,482. The increase in actual revenues over budgetary revenues largely due to positive variances of \$224,201 in licenses and permits and \$206,846 in charges for services. The decrease in actual expenditures compared to budgeted expenditures can be attributed to non-utilization of contingency in the General fund leading to a \$3,256,026 positive variance and \$357,267 savings in public safety expenditures through attrition and staffing vacancies. The increase of actual revenues over budgeted revenues is primarily due to the increased collection of licenses and permits and charges for services. The decrease of actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures is primarily due to savings in the public safety expenditures and the non-use of carryover funds for current expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The City's capital assets, for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$53,269,094 and \$25,348,307 respectively, (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings, and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads and improvements, vehicles and infrastructure. During fiscal year 2018-2019 the annual depreciation expense was \$3,591,120 and \$758,726 for the governmental and business-type capital assets, respectively. Additions to capital assets during the fiscal year totaled \$880,428 and \$439,251 (inclusive of work in process) for the governmental and business-type capital assets, respectively.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Government Funds

- <u>Infrastructure</u> Library patio improvement \$6,500.
- Equipment Purchase playground equipment \$54,551, courts security equipment \$29,578, mobile radio replacement for police department \$72,949, three license plate readers \$71,408, contraband test kit \$15,000, dual purpose police dog \$12,122, air conditioner replacement \$22,524, and transit van \$49,248, Chevy Silverado \$43,168 utility cart \$5,654.

Business Funds

- <u>Infrastructure</u> Phone line extension \$6,835, McClellan Meadows lift station \$18.741.
- Equipment camel truck repairs \$28,528, Ricoh copy machine \$8,859.

The following table provides a breakdown of the capital assets of the City at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Capital Assets at June 30, 2019 and 2018 (Net of depreciation)

	Government Activities				Business -type Activities				Totals			
		2019	2018		2019		2018		2019			2018
Land	\$	1,287,774	\$	1,287,774	\$	1,153,218	\$	1,153,218	\$	2,440,992	\$	2,440,992
Construction in Progress		497,873		6,500		794,742		418,454		1,292,615		424,954
Airport hangar and other improvements						31,797		33,516		31,797		33,516
Buildings and improvements		9,870,320		10,189,092						9,870,320		10,189,092
Infrastructure and land improvements		39,172,133		41,891,553		4,165,589		4,332,116		43,337,722		46,223,669
Sew er treatment plant and												
collection system						18,363,396		18,852,179		18,363,396		18,852,179
Furniture, machinery, equipment												
and vehicles		2,440,994		2,619,677		839,565		878,299		3,280,559		3,497,976
Total Capital Assets	\$	53,269,094	\$	55,994,596	\$	25,348,307	\$	25,667,782	\$	78,617,401	\$	81,662,378

See Note 5 in the notes to the Basic Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Coolidge, Arizona total Government and Business Type Activities long-term obligations outstanding were \$18,985,998. Of the long term debt \$13,156,416 represents net pension liability, and \$1,958,230 represents outstanding notes payable. The remaining balance represents compensated absences, capital leases, and the City's obligation related to the landfill closure and post-closure care costs.

The following schedule shows the outstanding debt of the City (both current and long-term) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. Further detail on the City's outstanding debt may be found in Note 10 on page 53.

Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	rnmental Activities			Business Typ	Total				
	2019	2018		2019		2018	2019			2018
Notes Payable	\$ 1,015,000	\$	1,245,000	\$	943,230	\$ 1,056,488	\$	1,958,230	\$	2,301,488
Bond Payable	2,233,000		2,383,000		-	-		2,233,000		2,383,000
Note Premium	56,752		85,071			-		56,752		85,071
Capital leases	-		208,328		341,103	391,243		341,103		599,571
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	729,117		725,229			-		729,117		725,229
Compensated absences	467,556		405,140		43,824	38,764		511,380		443,904
Net Pension Liability	12,318,732		13,277,989		837,684	974,495		13,156,416		14,252,484
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 16,820,157	\$	18,329,757	\$	2,165,841	\$ 2,460,990	\$	18,985,998	\$	20,790,747

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City relies heavily on state shared revenues, impact fees and local sales tax. During the year, more than 98% of the City's general revenues were derived from state shared revenues and local sales tax. The retail picture provides sufficient sales tax revenue to sustain the operational costs of the general government. However, based on an ordinance passed in 2005, the City has supplemented its capital revenues with impact fees. The impact fees are currently used and will be used in future fiscal years to assist the City in keeping up with capital costs related to new growth. However, new State legislation prohibits the collection of impact fees for certain categories of public service, beginning in January of 2012, which will surely reduce the funds available for capital projects. The retail picture will depend upon future development of housing, commercial and industrial businesses within the community.

The City's share of state shared revenues is estimated to increase by \$254,646 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 based on the 2010 Census figures. Increases in some programming and user fees have been implemented in order to generate additional revenues to cover the City's costs of providing services.

Other factors affecting next year's budget include:

- Increase in minimum wage and the accumulation of sick leave for part-time employees.
- Economic development and new home builds increasing.
- Expiration of agreement for fire coverage thus decreasing revenues.
- Legislation affecting taxability of particular retail sales tax and changes to the model city tax code as they align with Arizona Tax Code.
- Unknown effects of health insurance regulations and impacts to municipal employers.

- Public Safety Retirement System changes to employer contributions.
- Passage of General Obligation Bonds up to \$5 million for expansion of City Pool and roadway improvements along Northern Avenue.
- Continued efforts to improve economic development opportunities and encourage workforce development in the City.

Financial Contact

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the use of public funds. Questions about any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Gabriel Garcia, Finance Director/CFO City of Coolidge, Arizona Finance Department 130 West Central Avenue Coolidge, AZ 85128 E-mail at gabeg@coolidgeaz.com

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,097,252	\$ 2,040,598	\$ 10,137,850
Receivables (net of allowance			
for uncollectable)	480,447	162,581	643,028
Due from other governments	1,268,216	-	1,268,216
Net pension and other postemployment			
benefits asset	294,633	2,124	296,757
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	1,785,647	1,947,960	3,733,607
Other capital assets (net of accumulated			
depreciation)	51,483,447	23,400,347	74,883,794
Total assets	63,409,642	27,553,610	90,963,252
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions			
and other postemployment benefits	2,646,283	122,341	2,768,624
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LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	886,657	29,490	916,147
Accrued expenses and employee benefits	182,754	12,412	195,166
Customer deposits	-	149,949	149,949
Accrued interest payable	21,772	-	21,772
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year			
Compensated absences	280,535	26,294	306,829
Capital leases	-	52,407	52,407
Loans payable	262,794	73,760	336,554
Bonds payable	153,000	-	153,000
Due in more than one year			
Compensated absences	187,021	17,530	204,551
Capital leases	-	288,696	288,696
Loans payable	808,958	869,470	1,678,428
Bonds payable	2,080,000	-	2,080,000
Landfill closure and post closure care	729,117	-	729,117
Net pension liability and other			
postemployment liability	12,318,732	837,684	13,156,416
Total liabilities	17,911,340	2,357,692	20,269,032
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions			
and other postemployment benefits	1,736,386	148,225	1,884,611
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	49,964,342	24,063,974	74,028,316
Restricted for	43,304,342	24,000,374	74,020,310
Highways and streets	855,063		855,063
Transit purposes		-	
Court purposes	53,163 112,239	-	53,163 112,239
Grant purposes Grant purposes	308,760	<u>-</u>	308,760
Debt service	500,700	43,177	43,177
Development	<u>.</u>	14,563	14,563
Capital improvements	753,449	244,701	998,150
Unrestricted	(5,638,817)	803,619	(4,835,198)
Total net position	\$ 46,408,199	\$ 25,170,034	\$ 71,578,233
rotal not position	Ψ -5,700,109	Ψ 20,170,004	ψ 71,070,200

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Pro	Program Revenue			
					Operating				
			Cł	narges for	Grants and				
Functions / Programs	Expenses			Services		ontributions			
Deimona									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	2,793,489	\$	251,026	\$	61,852			
Public safety		6,464,459		402,541		591,081			
Highways and streets		4,951,187		32,791		2,157,812			
Culture and recreation		1,271,022		97,760		188,482			
Redevelopment and housing		902,873		436,683		462,541			
Interest on long-term debt		73,173		-		-			
Total governmental activities		16,456,203		1,220,801		3,461,768			
Business-type activities									
Liquid waste		1,158,047		877,850		-			
Solid waste		877,270		1,108,725		-			
Liquid waste impact fees		8,574		186,458		-			
Municipal airport		432,774		42,303		-			
Total business-type activities		2,476,665		2,215,336		-			
Total primary government	\$	18,932,868	\$	3,436,137	\$	3,461,768			

General revenue:

Sales taxes

Property taxes

Franchise tax

State-shared revenues-not restricted

to specific programs

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenue and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Gı	Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	Bı	usiness-type Activities		Totals			
\$	238,625 288,038 - - - - 526,663	\$	(2,480,611) (5,232,212) (2,472,546) (984,780) (3,649) (73,173) (11,246,971)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(2,480,611) (5,232,212) (2,472,546) (984,780) (3,649) (73,173) (11,246,971)			
\$	- - - - - 526,663		- - - - - (11,246,971)		(280,197) 231,455 177,884 (390,471) (261,329)		(280,197) 231,455 177,884 (390,471) (261,329) (11,508,300)			
			5,436,704 1,608,702 336,625 3,599,329 14,645		- - - - 2,557		5,436,704 1,608,702 336,625 3,599,329 17,202			
			193,092 (489,992) 10,699,105		489,992 492,549		193,092			
			(547,866) 46,956,065		231,220		(316,646) 71,894,879			
		\$	46,408,199	\$	25,170,034	\$	71,578,233			

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		General		Grants	Impact Fees		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,321,810	\$	218,769	\$	746,470	
Taxes receivable	*	56,471	*		•	-	
Accounts receivable		205,952		-		-	
Due from other governments		760,047		331,324		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	5,344,280	\$	550,093	\$	746,470	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	289,972	\$	55,729	\$	-	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		147,113		12,507		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		437,085		68,236		-	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue		37,096		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,096		-		-	
Fund balances							
Restricted for							
Highways and streets		-		-		-	
Transit purposes		-		53,163		-	
Court purposes		-		-		-	
Public safety purposes		-		308,760		-	
Capital improvements		-		6,979		746,470	
Assigned for							
Capital projects		-		-		-	
Unassigned		4,870,099		112,955			
Total fund balance		4,870,099		481,857		746,470	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	5,344,280	\$	550,093	\$	746,470	

Capital Projects		Road Tax Capital Projects		lon-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,845,656 194,466 - - -	\$	\$ 894,746 - - 50,942		\$ 69,801 - 23,558 125,903 98,678		8,097,252 250,937 229,510 1,268,216 98,678	
\$ 2,040,122	\$	945,688	\$	317,940	\$	9,944,593	
\$ 417,533	\$	90,625	\$	32,798	\$	886,657	
-		-		23,134		182,754	
 - 447.500		-		98,678		98,678	
 417,533		90,625		154,610		1,168,089	
_		_		_		37,096	
 						37,096	
		055.000					
-		855,063		-		855,063 53,163	
-		-		112,239		112,239	
_ _		_		-		308,760	
-		_		_		753,449	
						700,110	
1,622,589		-		51,091		1,673,680	
-		-		-		4,983,054	
1,622,589		855,063		163,330		8,739,408	
\$ 2,040,122	\$	945,688	\$	317,940	\$	9,944,593	



CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 8,739,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of		
Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore, are reported in the		
governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	105,118,535	
Less accumulated depreciation	(51,849,441)	53,269,094
Certain revenues earned but not received within 60 days of		
year-end are unavailable for the governmental statements,		
but are recognized as revenue for government-wide		
statements.		
Property taxes		37,096
Interest payable on long-term debt is not reported in the		
governmental funds.		(21,772)
Net pension/OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits		
are not available for City operations and, therefore, are not		
reported in the funds		294,633
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities		
and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and ,therefore, are not reported as		
liabilities in the funds		
Compensated absences	(467,556)	
Landfill closure and postclosure care payable	(729,117)	
Loans payable	(1,071,752)	
Bonds payable	(2,233,000)	
Net pension liabilities	(12,318,732)	(16,820,157)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB		
and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to		
future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		 909,897
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 46,408,199
		 , .,

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General	 Grants	Impact Fees		
Revenue					
Taxes	\$ 6,070,421	\$ -	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	3,599,329	1,620,805		-	
Fines and forfeitures	212,108	7,150		-	
Licenses and permits	333,201	-		-	
Charges for services	462,285	-		611,192	
Investment income	5,192	286		684	
Miscellaneous	 232,868	97,300		-	
Total revenue	 10,915,404	 1,725,541		611,876	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	2,660,825	-		6,150	
Public safety	5,426,096	229,980		6,860	
Highways and streets	-	591,685		10,289	
Culture and recreation	1,126,510	-		5,550	
Redevelopment and housing	590,945	462,541		-	
Capital outlay	-	391,682		-	
Debt service					
Principal	-	-		-	
Interest and debt cost	-	-		-	
Total expenditures	9,804,376	1,675,888		28,849	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	1,111,028	49,653		583,027	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	_		_	
Transfers out	(2,202)	 -		(214,769)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,202)	-		(214,769)	
		40.050			
Net change in fund balances	1,108,826	49,653		368,258	
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,761,273	432,204		378,212	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,870,099	\$ 481,857	\$	746,470	

Capital Projects		Road Tax Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,353,142 - - - - - 2,478 6,297	\$	584,969 - - - 5,850	\$	5,909 1,124,785 7,753 32,791 - 155 39,292	\$	7,429,472 6,929,888 227,011 365,992 1,073,477 14,645 375,757		
 1,361,917		590,819		1,210,685		16,416,242		
						2,666,975		
_		_		_		5,662,936		
-		273,484		1,495,146		2,370,604		
-		-		-		1,132,060		
-		-		7,024		1,060,510		
401,244		43,163		-		836,089		
 208,328 4,945		-		380,000 98,009		588,328 102,954		
 614,517		316,647		1,980,179		14,420,456		
 747,400		274,172		(769,494)		1,995,786		
- (634,604)		(208,259)		569,842		569,842 (1,059,834)		
 (634,604)		(208,259)		569,842		(489,992)		
112,796		65,913		(199,652)		1,505,794		
1,509,793		789,150		362,982		7,233,614		
\$ 1,622,589	\$	855,063	\$	163,330	\$	8,739,408		



CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019		
•		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,505,794
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are difference because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets		
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
expense. Also, assets contributed to the City are not reported in		
the fund statements and are reported in the Statement of Activities	000 000	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	836,089 (3,591,120)	(2.755.021)
Depreciation expense	(3,391,120)	(2,755,031)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital		
assets is reported whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds		
from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net		
differ from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital		(14.010)
assets sold		(14,810)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and		
revenues received in the current year that were accrued in the		
Statement of Activities in prior years are reported as revenues		
in the funds. Donated asset	44.339	
Property taxes	(47,442)	(3,103)
Troporty taxos	(17,112)	(0,100)
Interest expense in the Statement of Activities differs from the		
amount reported in governmental funds because accrued		
interest was calculated for loans payable for the Statement		
of Activities, but is expensed when due for the governmental fund statements.		1,462
iunu statements.		1,402
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental		
funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement		
of Net Position. Repayment of long-term debt are expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Capital leases repayments	208,328	
Debt principal repayments	408,319	
Increase in landfill closure and post closure care costs	(3,888)	612,759
For a second second of the Chahaman A of A shirth a sheet do not necessity		
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Increase in compensated absences		(62,416)
City pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the		
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position		
because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year		
before the City's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the		
change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in		
the Statement of Activities.	1 005 050	
City pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	1,295,652 (1,128,173)	167,479
Totalonio Lo oxpondo	(1,120,170)	 101,413

Change in net position of governmental activities

(547,866)

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET
TO ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenue								
Taxes	\$	5,982,360	\$	5,982,360	\$	6,070,421	\$	88,061
Intergovernmental		3,567,574		3,567,574		3,599,329		31,755
Fines and forfeitures		278,256		278,256		212,108		(66,148)
Licenses and permits		109,000		109,000		333,201		224,201
Charges for services		255,439		255,439		462,285		206,846
Investment income		3,000		3,000		5,192		2,192
Contributions		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Miscellaneous		166,000		166,000		232,868		66,868
Total revenue		10,366,629		10,366,629		10,915,404		548,775
Expenditures Current								
General government		5,916,851		5,916,851		2,660,825		3,256,026
Public safety		5,783,363		5,783,363		5,426,096		357,267
Culture and recreation		1,132,355		1,132,355		1,126,510		5,845
Redevelopment and housing		483,289		483,289		590,945		(107,656)
Total expenditures		13,315,858		13,315,858		9,804,376		3,511,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(2,949,229)		(2,949,229)		1,111,028		4,060,257
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Capital lease agreement		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Transfers out		(173,475)		(173,475)		(2,202)		171,273
Total other financing sources (uses)		(168,475)		(168,475)		(2,202)		166,273
Net change in fund balance		(3,117,704)		(3,117,704)		1,108,826		4,226,530
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,117,704		3,117,704		3,761,273		643,569
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	4,870,099	\$	4,870,099

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA GRANTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final				Actual	((Negative)		
Revenue									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,381,886	\$	2,381,886	\$ 1,620,805	\$	1,620,805		
Fines and forfeitures		121,194		121,194	7,150		7,150		
Investment income		-		-	286		286		
Miscellaneous		_		-	 97,300		97,300		
Total revenue		2,503,080		2,503,080	 1,725,541		1,725,541		
Expenditures									
Current									
Public safety		1,670,260		1,670,260	229,980		1,440,280		
Highways and streets		-		-	591,685		(591,685)		
Culture and recreation		6,727		6,727	-		6,727		
Redevelopment and housing		826,093		826,093	462,541		363,552		
Capital outlay		-		-	391,682		(391,682)		
Total expenditures		2,503,080		2,503,080	1,675,888		827,192		
Net change in fund balance		-		-	49,653		2,552,733		
Fund balance, beginning of year					 432,204		432,204		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$ - 481,857	\$	2,984,937		

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds								
	Liquid Waste	Solid Waste	Liquid Waste Impact Fees	Airport	Total				
ASSETS	Liquid Wasto	Cond Waste	Impact 1 ccc	7 iii port	1 Otal				
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,218,544	\$ 577,353	\$ 244,701	\$ -	\$ 2,040,598				
Accounts receivables, net	15,460	147,121	-	-	162,581				
Due from other funds	138,000	-	-	-	138,000				
Total current assets	1,372,004	724,474	244,701		2,341,179				
Noncurrent assets									
Net other postemployment benefits asset	772	1,236	-	116	2,124				
Non-depreciable capital assets	1,380,853	-	-	567,107	1,947,960				
Depreciable assets, net	18,545,417	99,801		4,755,129	23,400,347				
Total noncurrent assets	19,927,042	101,037	=	5,322,352	25,350,431				
Total assets	21,299,046	825,511	244,701	5,322,352	27,691,610				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions									
and other postemployment benefits	44,488	71,180		6,673	122,341				
LIABILIITIES									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	19,693	8,614	-	1,183	29,490				
Accrued payroll and benefits	4,606	4,806	-	3,000	12,412				
Customer deposits	-	149,949	-	-	149,949				
Due to other funds	-	-	-	138,000	138,000				
Compensated absences	16,049	2,649	-	7,596	26,294				
Current portion of loans payable	73,760	-	-	-	73,760				
Current portion of capital leases				52,407	52,407				
Total current liabilities	114,108	166,018		202,186	482,312				
Noncurrent liabilities									
Compensated absences	10,699	1,766	-	5,065	17,530				
Loans payable	869,470	-	-	-	869,470				
Capital leases	-	-	-	288,696	288,696				
Net pension and other postemployment									
benefits liability	304,612	487,380		45,692	837,684				
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,184,781	489,146		339,453	2,013,380				
Total liabilities	1,298,889	655,164		541,639	2,495,692				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows related to pensions									
and other postemployment benefits	53,900	86,240	-	8,085	148,225				
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	18,983,040	99,801	-	4,981,133	24,063,974				
Restricted for									
Debt service	43,177	-	-	-	43,177				
Development	14,563	-	-	-	14,563				
Capital projects	-	<u>-</u>	244,701	-	244,701				
Unrestricted (deficit)	949,965	55,486	-	(201,832)	803,619				
Total net position	\$ 19,990,745	\$ 155,287	\$ 244,701	\$ 4,779,301	\$ 25,170,034				

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds							
	Liquid Waste	Solid Waste	Liquid Waste Impact Fees	Airport	Total				
Operating revenue									
Charges for service	\$ 877,850	\$ 1,108,725	\$ 186,458	\$ 42,303	\$ 2,215,336				
Operating expenses									
Costs of services	593,248	846,541	8,574	216,622	1,664,985				
Depreciation	534,947	30,729	-	193,050	758,726				
Total operating expenses	1,128,195	877,270	8,574	409,672	2,423,711				
Operating income (loss)	(250,345)	231,455	177,884	(367,369)	(208,375)				
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)									
Investment revenue	1,725	682	150	-	2,557				
Interest expense	(29,852)	-	-	(23,102)	(52,954)				
Total nonoperating									
revenue (expenses)	(28,127)	682	150	(23,102)	(50,397)				
Income (loss) before capital									
contributions, and transfers	(278,472)	232,137	178,034	(390,471)	(258,772)				
Transfers in				F70 000	F70 000				
Transfers in	(20.005)	- (47.00E)	-	576,032	576,032				
Transfers out	(39,005)	(47,035)			(86,040)				
Change in net position	(317,477)	185,102	178,034	185,561	231,220				
Total net position, beginning of year	20,308,222	(29,815)	66,667	4,593,740	24,938,814				
Total net position, end of year	\$ 19,990,745	\$ 155,287	\$ 244,701	\$ 4,779,301	\$ 25,170,034				

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Business-type Activities--Enterprise Funds

Cash flows from operating activities:	Liquid Waste		S	Solid Waste		Liquid Waste Impact Fees		Airport		Total
Received from customers	\$	867,765	\$	1,101,601	\$	186,458	\$	42,303	\$	2,198,127
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(331,173)	Ψ	(665,357)	Ψ	(8,574)	Ψ	(85,978)	Ψ	(1,091,082)
Payments to employees		(276,016)		(216,425)		(0,07.1)		(133,555)		(625,996)
Net cash provided (used) by		(270,010)		(210,120)				(100,000)		(020,000)
operating activities		260,576		219,819		177,884		(177,230)		481,049
Cash flows from noncapital and										
related financing activities										
Transfers in		-		-		-		576,032		576,032
Transfers out		(39,005)		(47,035)		-		-		(86,040)
Received from other funds		-		-		-		50,728		50,728
Payment to other funds		(50,728)		-		-				(50,728)
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital						<u> </u>		_		
and related financing activities		(89,733)		(47,035)				626,760		489,992
Cash flows from capital and										
financing activities										
Interest paid		(29,852)		-		-		(23,102)		(52,954)
Purchase of capital assets		(62,963)		-		-		(376,288)		(439,251)
Principal payments on leases		-		-		-		(50,140)		(50,140)
Principal payments of notes payable		(113,258)		-		-		-		(113,258)
Net cash provided (used) for capital										
and related financing activities		(206,073)		-				(449,530)		(655,603)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Investment income		1,725		682		150		<u>-</u>		2,557
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(33,505)		173,466		178,034		-		317,995
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,252,049		403,887		66,667		-		1,722,603
Cash and cash equivalents,										
end of year	\$	1,218,544	\$	577,353	\$	244,701	\$	-	\$	2,040,598

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended June 30, 2019	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds									
	Lic	quid Waste	So	olid Waste		uid Waste pact Fees		Airport	Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(250,345)	\$	231,455	\$	177,884	\$	(367,369)	\$	(208,375)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Depreciation		534,947		30,729		-		193,050		758,726
Provision for uncollectible accounts		6,929		16,287		-		-		23,216
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:										
Net pension and other postemployment										
benefits asset		452		725		-		68		1,245
Accounts receivables		(10,085)		(29,429)		-		-		(39,514)
Deferred outflows of resources		, , ,		, , ,						, , ,
related to pensions and other										
postemployment benefits		(2,415)		(3,864)		-		(362)		(6,641)
Accounts payable		8,542		(3,950)		-		(627)		3,965
Accrued payroll and benefits		164		1,495		-		143		1,802
Customer deposits		-		22,305		-		-		22,305
Compensated absences		1,747		1,041		-		2,272		5,060
Net pension and other postemployment										
benefits liability		(49,749)		(79,599)		-		(7,463)		(136,811)
Deferred inflows of resources		, , ,		, , ,				, , ,		, ,
related to pensions and other										
postemployment benefits		20,389		32,624		-		3,058		56,071
Net cash provided (used) by										
operating activities	\$	260,576	\$	219,819	\$	177,884	\$	(177,230)	\$	481,049
-pg dominato	<u> </u>					,551		(,200)	<u> </u>	.0.,0.0

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	F	Pension Trust		
ASSETS		_		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - mutual funds	\$	10,417 262,078		
Total assets		272,495		
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS				
Held in trust for investment trust participants	\$	272,495		

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Pension Trust
Additions	
State fire insurance premiums Contributions Investment income:	\$ 4,046 2,926
Interest and dividends Unrealized gain/(loss)	 11,578 (307)
Total additions	 18,243
Deductions Professional/technical services	 2,250
Change in net position	15,993
Net position, beginning of year	 256,502
Net position, end of year	\$ 272,495

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Coolidge, Arizona (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate from and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data from the City, the primary government.

<u>Blended Component Units</u> - The *City of Coolidge Municipal Property Corporation*. The Coolidge Municipal Property Corporation's (CMPC) board of directors consists of six members who are appointed by the Coolidge City Council. CMPC, which is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona, was formed for the sole purpose of assisting the City in obtaining financing for various capital projects. All related receivables and payables between the City and the CMPC have been eliminated.

The City of Coolidge Industrial Development Authority. The Industrial Development Authority (IDA) board of directors consists of a seven-member board, which is appointed by the Coolidge City Council. The IDA, which is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona, was formed to assist the City in obtaining financing for various capital projects and promoting economic development. The City's management has operational responsibility for IDA.

The Martin Valley Community Facilities District. The Martin Valley Community Facilities District (MVCFD) board of directors consists of a seven-member board comprised of all members of the City of Coolidge City Council. The MVCFD, which is a political subdivision under the laws of the State of Arizona, was formed to assist the developer with financing of public infrastructure. The City's management has operational responsibility for MVCFD.

The Sandia Community Facilities District. The Sandia Community Facilities District (SCFD) board of directors consists of a seven-member board comprised of all members of the City of Coolidge City Council. The SCFD, which is a political subdivision under the laws of the State of Arizona, was formed to assist the developer with financing of public infrastructure. The City's management has operational responsibility for SCFD.

Separate financial statements of the blended component units are not prepared.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the City as a whole. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and each segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include charges to customers for goods or services, operating grants, capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2019, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed internally by formal action of the Council. Formal action by the City Council through resolution is required to establish, modify, or rescind committed fund balance.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City's adopted policy, only City Council or the City's Finance Director may assign amounts for specific purposes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council or the City's Finance Director has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect on internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, charges for service, special assessments and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Deferred revenues also arise when the City receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Delinquent property taxes have been recorded as unavailable revenue if not collected within 60 days. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unavailable revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Grants Fund - This fund accounts for the activity of various state and federal grants.

<u>Impact Fees Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the activity of the development fees assessed to offset the costs associated with providing necessary public services to new developments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the capital improvement, acquisitions and construction of various City projects funded by unrestricted resources.

<u>Road Tax - Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the capital improvement, acquisitions and construction of major roads through the use of county sales taxes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Liquid Waste Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the costs to operate, construct and finance the City's sewer utility operations.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sanitation operations.

<u>Liquid Waste Impact Fees Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies collected from developers for the City's sewer utility operations.

<u>Municipal Airport Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's airport operations.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> - This Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the City's Volunteer Firefighter's Relief and Pension Fund, a defined contribution plan for which the assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprises fund are charges to customers for wastewater and sanitation services, sales, and development fees. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The City's non-major funds are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds

Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) Transit Fund Court Surcharge Fund

Debt Service Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Sandia Community Facilities District Capital Projects Martin Valley Community Facilities District Capital Projects

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the City upon demand. Cash equivalents are defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

F. Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute. The City's interest rate policy is to coordinate its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs. The City's credit risk policy is to hold investments as authorized by the Arizona Revised Statues.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivables allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied by the City and collected by the Pinal County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied no later than the third Monday in August and are payable in two installments due October 1 of the current year and March 1 of the subsequent year. Taxes become delinquent after the first business day of November and May, respectively. Interest attaches on installments after the delinquent date. Pursuant to ARS, a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, machinery, equipment, construction in progress, intangibles and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

I. Capital Assets (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current year.

Certain capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Assets	Useful Life (years)
Infrastructure	20-50
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Sewer collection system	20-50
Land improvements	20
Furniture, vehicles, machinery and equipment	5-20

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

L. Compensated Absences

The City's employee vacation and sick leave policies provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. Sick leave and vacation benefits vest at the employee's current rate of pay. The current and long-term liabilities for accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignation and retirements. Resources from the General Fund are generally used to liquidate the governmental funds liabilities compensated absences.

M. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Budgetary Data

According to the laws of the State of Arizona, all operating budgets must be approved by their governing board on or before the second Monday in August to allow sufficient time for legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August.

In April, the proposed budget for the following fiscal year is presented by the City Manager to the City Council. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public meetings are held to obtain citizen comment.

Prior to June 30, the City Council legally enacts the budget, through the passage of an ordinance. The ordinance sets the limit for expenditures for the year, within the voter mandated state expenditure limitation. Additional expenditures may be authorized if directly necessitated by a natural or man-made disaster as prescribed in the state constitution. There were no supplemental appropriations made during fiscal year 2019.

The maximum legal expenditure permitted for the year is the total budget as adopted. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets except for the Court Surcharge. The City adopts the budget by fund for all funds. The initial budget for the fiscal year may be amended during the year in a legally permissible manner.

The City Manager is generally authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any specific department's expenditure appropriation and between departments within the same fund. Any budget revisions requiring a transfer between funds must be approved by the City Council.

The City approves its annual budget consistent with GAAP. GASB Statement #34 requires that budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major revenue funds be presented in the annual financial statements. These statements must display original budget, amended budget and actual results (on a budgetary basis).

Q. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the City Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The City's investment policy states that the City will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes. The City does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

Deposits—At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's total cash in bank was \$9,800,674, and the bank balances were \$9,953,754. Of the bank balances, \$2,052,146 was covered by federal depository insurance or similar insurance. The remainder was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name.

Investments—The City reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7 with a reported amount of \$335,602. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7 is unrated.

The City's Pension Trust Fund had investments in mutual funds of \$262,078 at June 30, 2019, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as Level 1. Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active market for those investments.

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

	Governmental activities		siness-type activities	Pension trust funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash on hand	\$	10,300	\$ 1,692	\$ -	\$	11,992
Amount of deposits		7,781,825	2,008,432	10,417		9,800,674
State Treasurer's investment pool 7		335,602	-	-		335,602
Total	\$	8,127,727	\$ 2,010,124	\$ 10,417	\$	10,148,268

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year-end for the City's individual major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate are as follows:

Receivables:	(General Fund	G	rants	Capital Projects Fund	Road Cap Proje	ital	Gove	on-Major ernmental Fund	Total
Taxes	\$	56,471	\$	-	\$ 194,466		-	\$	-	\$ 250,937
Accounts		205,952		-	-		-		23,558	229,510
		262,423		-	194,466		-		23,558	480,447
Less:		,				•			,	•
Allowance		-		-	-		-		-	-
Net Receivables	\$	262,423	\$	-	\$ 194,466	\$	-	\$	23,558	\$ 480,447

The following table summarizes the City's receivables for the enterprise funds as of June 30, 2019.

		Liquid								
	Liquid	d Solid Waste Impact A		Airport						
Receivables:	Waste Fund	Waste Fund	Fees Fund	Fund	Total					
Accounts	309,203	589,405	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 898,608					
Less:										
Allowance	(293,743)	(442,284)	-	-	(736,027)					
Net Receivables	\$ 15,460	\$ 147,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 162,581					

Revenues of the Liquid Waste Fund and Solid Waste Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to liquid waste and solid waste revenues of the current period are \$6,929 and \$16,287 respectively.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 follows:

	Beginning						Ending
Governmental activities:	Balance		Increases	De	ecreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,287,774	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,287,774
Construction in progress	6,500		497,873		(6,500)		497,873
Total capital assets not being	1,294,274		497,873		(6,500)		1,785,647
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	77,610,919		-		-		77,610,919
Buildings and improvements	15,613,124		6,500		-		15,619,624
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	9,966,655		382,555		(246,865)		10,102,345
Total capital assets being depreciated	103,190,698		389,055		(246,865)	-	103,332,888
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	(35,719,366)		(2,719,420)		-		(38,438,786)
Buildings and improvements	(5,424,032)		(325,272)		-		(5,749,304)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	(7,346,978)		(546,428)		232,055		(7,661,351)
Total accumulated depreciation	(48,490,376)		(3,591,120)		232,055		(51,849,441)
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated, net	54,700,322		(3,202,065)		(14,810)		51,483,447
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$ 55,994,596	\$	(2,704,192)	\$	(21,310)	\$	53,269,094
	Beginning						Ending
Business-type activities:	Balance		Increases	De	ecreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,153,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,153,218
Construction in progress	418,454		376,288		-		794,742
Total capital assets not being	1,571,672		376,288		-		1,947,960
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements	5,134,534		-		-		5,134,534
Airport hangar and improvements	115,160		-		-		115,160
Sewer treatment plant and collection system	25,200,599		25,576		-		25,226,175
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	2,241,300		37,387				2,278,687
Total capital assets being depreciated	32,691,593		62,963				32,754,556
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	(802,418)		(166,527)		-		(968,945)
Airport hangar and improvements	(81,644)		(1,719)		-		(83,363)
Sewer treatment plant and collection system	(6,348,420)		(514,359)		-		(6,862,779)
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	(1,363,001)		(76,121)		-		(1,439,122)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,595,483)		(758,726)		-		(9,354,209)
Total capital assets,							
being depreciated, net	24,096,110		(695,763)		-		23,400,347
Business-type activities							
capital assets, net	\$ 25,667,782	\$	(319,475)	\$	-	\$	25,348,307
		_					

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 299,702
Public safety	406,703
Highways and streets	2,710,496
Culture and recreation	174,219
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,591,120
Business-type activities:	
Wastewater	\$ 534,947
Sanitation	30,729
Airport	 193,050
Total depreciation expense	\$ 758,726

NOTE 5 LOANS PAYABLE

Loans payable from direct borrowing and direct placements - The City issued long-term loans payable to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Loans payable from direct borrowings and direct placements payable at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Interest Rate (Including			utstanding Principal	D	Due Within			
Description	Fees)	Maturity	Jur	ne 30, 2019		One Year			
Governmental activities:									
Greater Arizona Development									
Authority Note	2.00%	03/01/14-2023	\$	1,015,000	\$	240,000			
Premium amortization				56,752		22,794			
Total Governmental activities			\$	1,071,752	\$	262,794			
Business-type activities: Water Infrastructure Finance									
Authority Note	2.97%	07/01/10 - 29		943,230		73,760			
Total Business-type activities			\$	943,230	\$	73,760			
Total			\$	2,014,982	\$	336,554			

NOTE 5 LOANS PAYABLE (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the loans payable at June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

Fiscal year	Governmental Activities			Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
ending		Premium						
June 30,	Principal	Amortization	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	240,000	22,794	18,256	73,766	26,900	313,766	45,156	
2021	250,000	18,114	13,136	75,956	24,679	325,956	37,815	
2022	255,000	11,843	8,032	78,210	22,391	333,210	30,423	
2023	270,000	4,001	2,749	80,531	20,035	350,531	22,784	
2024	-	-	-	82,921	17,609	82,921	17,609	
2025-2029	-	-	-	453,018	49,066	453,018	49,066	
2030-2033				98,828	742	98,828	742	
Total	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 56,752	\$ 42,173	\$ 943,230	\$ 161,422	\$ 1,958,230	\$ 203,595	

NOTE 6 CAPITAL LEASES

Leases at June 30, 2019, included the following:

Business activities:

Lease with option to purchase equipment (Fuel Tanks). Annual installments of \$66,463 plus interest at 4.43%, due through April 2025.

\$ 341,103

The minimum lease payments by year are:

Fiscal year ending	Business	
June 30,	Activities	
2020	66,462	
2021	66,462	
2022	66,462	
2023	66,462	
2004	66,462	
2025-2029	55,386	j
Total minimum lease payments	387,696	
Less: amount representing interest	(46,593)
Present value of future minimum		
lease payments	341,103	į
Less: current portion	(52,407)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 288,696	
		=

NOTE 6 CAPITAL LEASES (Continued)

Leased Capital Assets

The following is an analysis of the leased assets included in capital assets:

	Bus	Business-type		
		ctivities		
Asset				
Equipment	\$	500,548		
Less accumulated depreciation		(92,041)		
Total	\$	408,507		

NOTE 7 BONDS PAYABLE

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In November 2016 the City issued \$2,550,000 of pledged excise tax revenue obligation series 2016 bonds at a stated interest rate of 1.95% to finance the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of certain street and sidewalk improvements, and other projects for the City. The bonds are secured and payable from pledged excise tax. The bonds mature in July 2031.

A summary of the long-term bond payable at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

			Catotanang			
			Principal	Due Within		
Description	Interest Rate	Maturity	June 30, 2019	One Year		
City of Coolidge Excise Tax Revenue Obligation, Series 2016	1.95%	7/1/2031	2,233,000	153,000		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on governmental bonds payable at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Fiscal year		
ending		
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest
2020	153,000	42,052
2021	155,000	39,049
2022	159,000	35,987
2023	162,000	32,858
2024	165,000	29,669
2025-2029	873,000	98,388
2030-2033	566,000	 16,692
Total	\$ 2,233,000	\$ 294,695

NOTE 8 LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although the City reached 100 percent capacity in 1993, the final cover has not yet been installed as of June 30, 2019. The City does not plan to apply the final cover in the next fiscal year. The estimated liabilities for landfill closure and post closure care are \$460,520 and \$264,709, respectively, which represent the estimated current costs that would be incurred if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2019. However, the actual costs of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 9 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Ending Reductions Balance		U		ue Within One Year
Governmental activities:																													
Compensated absences	\$	405,140	\$	298,656	\$	(236,240)	\$	467,556	\$	280,535																			
Loans payable from direct																													
borrowings and direct placement		1,245,000				(230,000)		1,015,000		240,000																			
Loan premium		85,071		-		(28,319)		56,752		22,794																			
Bond payable		2,383,000		-		(150,000)		2,233,000		153,000																			
Capital leases		208,328		-		(208,328)		-		-																			
Landfill closure and						,																							
postclosure costs		725,229		3,888		-		729,117		-																			
Net pension and other		-,		-,				-,																					
postemployment benefits liability		13,277,989		_		(959,257)		12,318,732		_																			
Governmental activities		, ,				(000,000)		,,																					
long-term liabilities	\$	18,329,757	\$	302,544	\$	(1,812,144)	\$	16,820,157	\$	696,329																			
3 3	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>	,	÷	()- /	÷	-,,-	<u> </u>																				
		Beginning						Ending	Di	ue Within																			
		Balance	Δ	dditions	F	Reductions		Balance		ne Year																			
Business-type activities:																													
Compensated absences	\$	38,764	\$	28,733	\$	(23,673)	\$	43,824	\$	26,294																			
Loans payable from direct	*	,	*		*	(==,=,=,=,	*	,	*																				
borrowings and direct placement		1,056,488				(113,258)		943,230		73,766																			
Capital leases		391,243		_		(50,140)		341,103		52,407																			
Net pension and other		001,240				(50,140)		041,100		02,407																			
postemployment benefits liability		974,495		_		(136,811)		837,684		_																			
Business-type activities		374,430			-	(130,011)		037,004																					
long-term liabilities	Ф	2,460,990	\$	28,733	Ф	(323,882)	Ф	2,165,841	\$	152,467																			
iong-term liabilities	\$	2,400,990	Φ	20,733	\$	(১∠১,00∠)	\$	2,100,041	Φ	102,407																			

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,015,000 are secured by pledged revenues from State-Shared Revenues and a Limited Sales Tax.

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to business-type activities of \$943,230 are secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the Liquid Waste system.

NOTE 10 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers – During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City transferred funds to cover shared expenses. Transfers made between funds during the year are as follows:

	Transfers		Transfers
Fund	 Out		In
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 634,604	\$	-
Airport	-		576,032
Non-Major Governmental Funds	-		569,842
Impact Fees Fund	214,769		-
Road Tax Capital Projects Fund	208,259		-
Solid Waste Fund	47,035		-
Liquid Waste Fund	39,005		-
General Fund	 2,202		-
Total	\$ 1,145,874	\$	1,145,874

NOTE 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Federal and State grants and loans</u>- The City has received a number of grants and loans from both the Federal and State governments. Although the programs have been audited, not all audits have been approved as of June 30, 2019; however, the City expects no material disallowances of expenditures.

<u>Lawsuits</u> - The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the City is a participating member.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its members additional premiums should reserve and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations. The maximum liability for the City for the fiscal year is \$10,000 and the deductible is \$5,000 per occurrence.

The City is insured by the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund for potential worker-related accidents.

NOTE 13 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	 vernmental Activities	iness-type activities	Total		
Net pension and OPEB asset	\$ 294,633	\$ 2,124	\$	296,757	
Net pension and OPEB liability	12,318,732	837,684		13,156,416	
Deferred outflows of resources related to					
pensions and OPEB	2,646,283	122,341		2,768,624	
Deferred inflows of resources related to					
pensions and OPEB	1,736,386	148,225		1,884,611	
Pension and OPEB expense	1,128,705	(10,709)		1,117,996	

The City reported \$1,295,652 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Initial membership date:				
	Before	On or after			
	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2011			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55			
	10 years age 62	25 years age 60			
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62			
	any years age 65	5 years age 50* any years age 65			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months	Highest 60 months			
	of last 120 months	of last 120 months			
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%			

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.53 percent (10.41 percent for retirement, 0.06 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$500,827, \$18,858, and \$6,947, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 86.25 percent from the General Fund, 5 percent from the Liquid Waste Fund, 8 percent from the Solid Waste Fund, and 0.75 percent from the Airport Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following assets and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEB
	(Asset) Liability
Pension	\$ 6,069,508
Health insurance premium benefit	(15,448)
Long-term disability	22,739

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 present to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3-6.75 percent to 2.7-7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 present to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

	Proportion	Increase/(Decrease)
	June 30, 2018	From June 30, 2017
Pension	0.04352%	-0.00187%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.04290%	-0.00213%
Long-term disability	0.04352%	-0.00160%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB	
	I	Expense
Pension	\$	(101,354)
Health insurance premium benefit		15,335
Long-term disability		8,136

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

Tollowing Sources.		Pen	sion		He	alth Insura Ber	nce P	remium
	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	I Ii	Deferred offlows of esources	Out	eferred tflows of sources	De	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other	\$	167,210	\$	33,460	\$	-	\$	14,258
inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		160,610		538,145 145,957		29,791		30,859
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the		-		312,362		-		161
measurement date		500,827				18,858		
Total	\$	828,647	\$	1,029,924	\$	48,649	\$	45,278
		Long-Tern						
	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	li	Deferred of the sources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other	\$	582	\$	-				
inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		4,925		-				
investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and		-		2,203				
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,947		599 -				
Total	\$	12,454	\$	2,802				

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Pension	 n Insurance ium Benefit	Long-Term Disability
2020	\$ (146,913)	\$ (6,019)	\$ (18)
2021	(268,329)	(6,020)	(18)
2022	(221,406)	(6,020)	(17)
2023	(65,456)	560	573
2024	-	2,012	681
Thereafter	-	-	1,504

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

AS	RS

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial roll forward date

Actuarial cost method

Investment rate of return

June 30, 2017

June 30, 2018

Entry age normal

7.5%

Permanent benefit increases

7.3%

2.7 - 7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

2.3%

Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Permanent benefit increase Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Mortality rates 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit

Recovery rates 2012 GLDT for long-term disability

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50%	5.50%
Fixed income	30%	3.83%
Real estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of .05 from the discount rate used at June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	19 	% Decrease (6.5%)	Currer	nt Discount Rate (7.5%)	 1% Increase (8.5%)
City's proportionate share of the Net pension liability Net insurance premium benefit	\$	8,652,224	\$	6,069,508	\$ 3,911,691
liability (asset) Net long-term disability liability		54,735 25,770		(15,448) 22,739	(75,230) 19,799

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – City police and fire employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issue publicly available financial reports that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	On or after				
	Before	January 1, 2012 and			
	January 1, 2012	before July 1, 2017			
Retirement and Disability					
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years credited service, age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years			
Benefit percent					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retiremen	nt, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal				
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20				
Survivor Benefit					
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired m	nember's pension benefit			
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS P	olice	PSPRS Fire		
	Pension	Health	Pension	Health	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries					
currently receiving benefits	16	16	-	-	
Inactive employees entitled to but					
not yet receiving benefits	8	-	2	-	
Active employees	22	22	5	5	
Total	46	38	7	5	

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active Member- Pension	City-Pension	City-Health Insurnace Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police	7.65%-11.65%	41.47%	0.03%
PSPRS Fire	7.65%-11.65%	15.87%	0.55%
PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool	9.94%	19.13%	0.26%

In addition, statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the County's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 risk Pool and PSPDCRP.

		Health Insurance
	Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police	29.45%	-

The City's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were:

		Health	Insurance
	 Pension	Premi	um Benefit
PSPRS Police	\$ 757,573	\$	510
PSPRS Fire	48,515		1,681

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following net liability:

	Ne	et Pension	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		
	(Ass	et) Liability			
PSPRS Police	\$	7,064,169	\$	(83,366)	
PSPRS Fire		(194, 127)		(3,816)	

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

PSPRS

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.4%

Wage inflation

3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation

2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment
Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates

RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with adjustments to match current

scale with adjustments to match curren

Long-term

experience.

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		Expected
		Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed Income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTS	12%	3.96%
Private credit	16%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Private equity	12%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

PSPRS Police	Pension Increase (Decrease)								
	_	Total Pension Plan Fiduci				et Pension lity (Asset) (a)			
		lity (Asset) (a)		osition (b)		- (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	12,768,589	\$	5,632,738	\$	7,135,851			
Changes for the year									
Service Cost		285,512		-		285,512			
Interest on the total liability		929,527		-		929,527			
Differences between expected and									
actual experience in the measurement									
of the liability		(308,611)		-		(308,611)			
Contributions-employer		-		673,601		(673,601)			
Contributions-employee		-		152,712		(152,712)			
Net investment income		-		383,914		(383,914)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(700,352)		(700,352)		-			
Hall/Parker Settlement		-		(214,065)		214,065			
Administrative expense		-		(6,543)		6,543			
Other changes		-		(11,509)		11,509			
Net changes		206,076		277,758		(71,682)			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	12,974,665	\$	5,910,496	\$	7,064,169			

PSPRS Police OPEB

NOTE 13 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)							
		al Pension ty (Asset) (a)		iduciary Net sition (b)		t Pension ty (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	273,440	\$	345,318	\$	(71,878)		
Changes for the year								
Service Cost		5,225		-		5,225		
Interest on the total liability		19,998		-		19,998		
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement								
of the liability		(12,340)		-		(12,340)		
Contributions-employer		-		945		(945)		
Net investment income		-		23,787		(23,787)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(11,628)		(11,628)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(362)		362		
Other changes		-		1_		(1)		
Net changes		1,255		12,743		(11,488)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	274,695	\$	358,061	\$	(83,366)		

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

PSPRS Fire Pension
Increase (Decrease)

	increase (Decrease)								
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability (Asset) (a) Position (b)			•	Net Pension Net Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)				
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	759,843	\$	733,668	\$	26,175			
Changes for the year			•		•				
Service Cost		76,565		-		76,565			
Interest on the total liability		58,942		-		58,942			
Differences between expected and									
actual experience in the measurement									
of the liability		(239,710)		-		(239,710)			
Contributions-employer		-		69,426		(69,426)			
Contributions-employee		-		33,559		(33,559)			
Net investment income		-		51,825		(51,825)			
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(3,234)		(3,234)					
Hall/Parker Settlement		-		(37,229)		37,229			
Administrative expense		-		(1,489)		1,489			
Other changes		-		7		(7)			
Net changes		(107,437)		112,865		(220,302)			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	652,406	\$	846,533	\$	(194,127)			

NOTE 13 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

PSPRS Fire OPEB	Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)								
		Pension (Asset) (a)		luciary Net tion (b)	Liabilit	Pension y (Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	21,179	\$	17,953	\$	3,226			
Changes for the year									
Service Cost		1,713		-		1,713			
Interest on the total liability		1,631		-		1,631			
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement									
of the liability		(7,536)		-		(7,536)			
Contributions-employer		-		1,591		(1,591)			
Net investment income				1,279		(1,279)			
Administrative expense		-		(19)		19			
Other changes		-		(1)		1			
Net changes		(4,192)		2,850		(7,042)			
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	16,987	\$	20,803	\$	(3,816)			

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

			Curr	ent Discount		
	1%	6.4%)	Rate (7.4%)		_	1% Increase (8.4%)
PSPRS Police						
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	8,859,973	\$	7,064,169	\$	5,604,193
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(50,232)		(83,366)		(111,008)
PSPRS Fire						
Net pension (asset) liability		(83, 139)		(194,127)		(281,563)
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(670)		(3,816)		(6,356)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pens	Pension Expense		
DCDDC Delice	Φ	1 116 514	ው	(6.707)
PSPRS Police	Ф	1,116,514	\$	(6,737)
PSPRS Fire		85,014		1,088

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS Police		Pen	sion		Health Insurance Premium Benefit			
	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		Outfl	erred ows of ources	De	eferred lows of sources		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	37,586	\$	515,143	\$	-	\$	17,659
Changes of assumptions or other								
inputs		762,967		-		-		5,709
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments City contributions subsequent to the		83,466		-		-		7,073
measurement date		757,573				510		
Total	\$	1,641,592	\$	515,143	\$	510	\$	30,441

PSPRS Fire	Pension					Health Insurance Premium Benefit												
	Outflows of Inflow		erred Deferred ows of Inflows of		lows of Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and						,												
actual experience	\$	141,770	\$	253,207	\$	-	\$	6,814										
Changes of assumptions or other																		
inputs		39,293		-		-		723										
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan																		
investments		5,513		-		-		279										
City contributions subsequent to the																		
measurement date		48,515				1,681												
Total	\$	235,091	\$	253,207	\$	1,681	\$	7,816										

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police						
	F	Pension	Health				
Year Ended June 30,							
2020	\$	286,264	\$	(7,176)			
2021		140,977		(7,176)			
2022		(25,537)		(7,175)			
2023		(24,034)		(4,458)			
2024		(8,794)		(4,456)			
Thereafter		-		-			

		PSPR	PSPRS Fire			
	Р	ension	Health			
Year Ended June 30,						
2020	\$	3,794	\$	(889)		
2021		812		(889)		
2022		(6,098)		(891)		
2023		(1,075)		(770)		
2024		(2,316)		(790)		
Thereafter		(61,748)		(3,587)		

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 13 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Pension Trust Fund – City's Volunteer Fireman's Relief and Pension Plan

The City of Coolidge Part-time Firemen's Investment Plan is a single-employer defined contribution plan, which was approved by the City Council on January 1, 1988. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the City Council.

The assets of the plan are valued annually and the earnings or loss is distributed among the participant's accounts in the plan. The only expenditures being made from this fund are administration fees, retirement payments, and refunds to those firefighters who leave the service of the Fire Department before becoming eligible for pension benefits. The cost of administering the plan is financed from investment earnings. Retirement with full benefits can be at age sixty-two (62) or twenty years of credited service. Volunteer fire fighters are 50% vested after 20 years of service with a 10% increase for each additional year. Fire fighters are fully vested after 25 years of service. As of June 30, 2019, there were 19 eligible employees participating in the plan. The plan is administered by the City and a board of trustees for the City's volunteer fire fighters.

Each participant must contribute 5% of covered compensation, which is equally matched by the City. Total covered compensation to volunteer fire fighters for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$36,485 and the City's required and actual contributions amounted to \$1,797.

As of June 30, 2019, the plan's assets consisted of the following:

Money market funds	\$ 10,417
Mutual funds	262,078
	\$ 272,495

The plan has never had an actuarial valuation; however, benefits cannot exceed plan assets. The fair values of mutual funds are determined from readily available market quotations.

The fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when earned; benefits and refunds are expensed when incurred.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY COST-SHARING PENSION PLANS June 30, 2019

ASRS-Pension

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)			
		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.043520%		0.045390%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,069,508	\$	7,070,877
City's covered payroll	\$	4,323,366	\$	4,426,994
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		140.39%		159.72%
total pension liability		73.40%		69.92%

2017 (2016)				2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010		
\$	0.047270% 7,629,853 4,426,074	\$	0.047370% 7,378,067 4,362,755	\$ 0.046532% 6,885,172 4,194,542	Information not available		
	172.38%		169.11%	164.15%			
	67.06%		68.35%	69.49%			

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION/OPEB LIABILITY COST-SHARING PENSION PLANS June 30, 2019

ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)			
	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2010	
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	0.042900% (15,448) 4,323,366	0.045030% (24,514) 4,426,994	Information not available	
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-0.36% 102.20%	-0.55% 103.57%		
ASRS-Long-Term Disability				
		oorting Fiscal Year easurement Date)		
	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2010	
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	0.043520% 22,739 4,323,366	0.045120% 16,355 4,426,994	Information not available	
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	0.53%	0.37%		
total OPEB liability	77.83%	84.44%		



PSPRS Police	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)			
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the	\$	285,512 929,527 -	\$	388,656 879,725 211,102
pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of		(308,611)		(188,089) 363,893
employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		(700,352) 206,076 12,768,589		(844,071) 811,216 11,957,373
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	12,974,665	\$	12,768,589
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	\$	673,601 152,712 383,914	\$	647,191 195,135 596,306
employee contributions Hall/Parker Settlement Administrative expense		(700,352) (214,065) (6,543)		(844,071) - (5,676)
Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(11,509) 277,758		(20,467) 568,418
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,632,738 5,910,496	\$	5,064,320 5,632,738
City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,064,169	\$	7,135,851
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.55%		44.11%
Covered payroll	\$	1,451,508	\$	1,738,951
City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		486.68%		410.35%

	2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010
Φ.	004 500	•	000 004			Information
\$	334,563 862,355	\$	269,661 821,813	\$	274,282 692,377	not available
	179,887		021,013		237,141	
	175,007				201,141	
	(239,382)		105,542		(63,784)	
	472,637		-		1,234,699	
	(041 645)		(494.260)		(062 705)	
	(941,645) 668,415		(484,369) 712,647		(962,705) 1,412,010	
	11,288,958		10,576,311		9,164,301	
\$	11,957,373	\$	11,288,958	\$	10,576,311	
	, ,		,,		-,,-	
\$	632,418	\$	426,541	\$	351,195	
	202,170		190,449		158,597	
	30,292		180,905		622,292	
	(941,645)		(484,369)		(962,705)	
	(941,043)		(404,309)		(902,703)	
	(4,759)		(4,789)		-	
	(70,470)		(14,229)		(267,658)	
	(151,994)		294,508		(98,279)	
	5,216,314		4,921,806		5,020,085	
\$	5,064,320	\$	5,216,314	\$	4,921,806	
\$	6,893,053	\$	6,072,644	\$	5,654,505	
	42.35%		46.21%		46.54%	
\$	1,787,196	\$	1,592,879	\$	1,431,955	
	385.69%		381.24%		394.88%	

PSPRS Fire	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)			
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the	\$	76,565 58,942 -	\$	103,893 51,532 (2,917)
pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of		(239,710)		(49,077) 21,263
employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	(3,234) (107,437) 759,843 652,406	\$	124,694 635,149 759,843
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	\$	69,426 33,559 51,825	\$	62,001 38,584 71,068
employee contributions Hall/Parker Settlement Administrative expense Other changes		(3,234) (37,229) (1,489) 7		- (1,029) 7
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	112,865 733,668 846,533	\$	170,631 563,037 733,668
City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(194,127)	\$	26,175
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		129.76%		96.56%
Covered payroll	\$	335,957	\$	455,872
City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-57.78%		5.74%

	2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010
\$	70,140 22,230	\$	35,035 15,726	\$ 32,174 11,890		Information not available
	66,493		-		(859)	
	195,658 32,519		14,533		3,850 384	
	387,040		65,294		47,439	
\$	248,109 635,149	\$	182,815 248,109	\$	135,376 182,815	
\$	47 704	\$	25.025	\$	20, 221	
Φ	47,704 33,645 2,688	Φ	35,935 27,932 12,165	Φ	29,331 17,779 35,053	
	-		- -		-	
	(788) 91,439		(687) (252)		- -	
	174,688 388,349		75,093 313,256		82,163 231,093	
\$	563,037	\$	388,349	\$	313,256	
\$	72,112	\$	(140,240)	\$	(130,441)	
	88.65%		156.52%		171.35%	
\$	331,947	\$	259,053	\$	171,777	
	21.72%		-54.14%		-75.94%	

PSPRS OPEB - Police

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

	(Measurement Date)				
		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		2017 through 2010
Total OPEB liability					Information
Service cost	\$	5,225	\$	7,130	not available
Interest on the total OPEB liability	Φ	19,998	φ	20,403	not available
		19,990			
Changes of benefit terms		-		1,942	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the					
OPEB liability		(12,340)		(10 297)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(12,340)		(10,387) (8,039)	
·		-		(6,039)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(11 600)		(10.150)	
employee contributions		(11,628)		(12,159)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,255		(1,110)	
Total OPER liability - beginning	\$	273,440 274,695	Ф.	274,550 273,440	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	Φ	274,095	\$	273,440	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	945	\$	_	
Contributions - employee	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	
Net investment income		23,787		37,178	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		20,707		07,170	
employee contributions		(11,628)		(12, 159)	
Administrative expense		(362)		(329)	
Other changes		1		(020)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		12,743	-	24,690	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		345,318		320,628	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	358,061	\$	345,318	
rian iluderary fiet position - ending (b)	Ψ	000,001	Ψ	040,010	
City's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(83,366)	\$	(71,878)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of					
the total OPEB liability		130.35%		126.29%	
Covered payroll	\$	1,451,508	\$	1,738,951	
City's net OPEB liability (asset) as a					
percentage of covered payroll		-5.74%		-4.13%	
para a		J / 0			

PSPRS OPEB - Fire

employee contributions Administrative expense

Net change in plan fiduciary net position

City's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of

Plan fiduciary net position - beginning

Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)

City's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll

the total OPEB liability

Other changes

Covered payroll

2017 2019 2018 through 2010 (2018)(2017)Total OPEB liability Information Service cost \$ 1,713 1,960 not available Interest on the total OPEB liability 1,631 1,469 Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the **OPEB** liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs (7,536)(859)Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total OPEB liability (4,192)2,570 Total OPEB liability - beginning 21,179 18,609 Total OPEB liability - ending (a) 16,987 \$ 21,179 Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer \$ 1,591 2.308 Contributions - employee Net investment income 1,279 1,737 Benefit payments, including refunds of

(19)

2,850

17,953

20,803

(3,816)

122.46%

335.957

-1.14%

\$

\$

(1)

\$

(15)

4.030

13,923

17,953

3,226

84.77%

455.872

0.71%

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PENSION/OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2019

ASRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year			
		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	500,827	\$	471,557
required contribution	_	(500,827)		(471,557)
City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of	\$	4,488,201	\$	4,323,366
covered payroll		11.18%		10.91%
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year			
		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	18,858	\$	18,414
required contribution		(18,858)		(18,414)
City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll	<u>\$</u> \$	4,488,201	\$	4,323,366
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	Ψ	0.46%	Ψ	0.43%
ASRS-Long-Term Disability		Reporting I	Fisca	l Year
		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	6,947	\$	6,905
required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	(6,947)		(6,905)
City's covered payroll	\$ \$	4,488,201	\$ \$	4,323,366
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.16%		0.16%

2017		2017 2016		2015 2014			2014	2013 through 2010		
\$	477,230	\$	480,229	\$	475,104	\$	448,816	Information not available		
	(477,230)		(480,229)		(475,104)		(448,816)	not available		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
\$	4,426,994	\$	4,426,074	\$	4,362,755	\$	4,194,542			
	10.78%		10.85%		10.89%		10.70%			
			2016							
	2017	,	hrough 2010							
\$	24,241		formation t available							
	(24,241)									
\$	-									
\$	4,426,994									
	0.55%									
	2017	1	2016 hrough 2010							
\$	6,136		formation t available							
	(6,136)									
\$	-									
\$	4,426,994									
	0.14%									

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PENSION/OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2019

PSPRS Police	 Reporting I	Fisca	l Year
	2019		2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 757,573	\$	673,601
City's contributions in relation to the	(7E7 E70)		(670,601)
actuarially determined contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (757,573)	\$	(673,601)
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,891,686	\$	1,451,508
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	40.05%		46.41%
PSPRS Fire	Reporting I	Fisca	ıl Year
	2019		2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2019 48,515	\$	2018 69,426
City's contributions in relation to the	\$ 48,515		69,426
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		\$	
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 48,515 (48,515) -	\$	69,426 (69,426)
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 48,515	\$	69,426

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2010
\$ 647,191	\$ 632,418	\$ 426,541	\$ 351,195	Information not available
(647,191)	(632,418)	(426,541)	(351,195)	not available
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
\$ 1,738,951	\$ 1,787,196	\$ 1,592,879	\$ 1,431,955	
37.22%	35.39%	26.78%	24.53%	

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2010
\$ 62,001	\$ 47,704	\$ 35,935	\$ 29,331	Information not available
(62,001)	(47,704)	(35,935)	(29,331)	not available
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
\$ 455,872	\$ 331,947	\$ 259,053	\$ 171,777	
13.60%	14.37%	13.87%	17.08%	

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PENSION/OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2019

PSPRS OPEB - Police	 Reporting Fiscal Year					
	2019		2018			
Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 510	\$	945			
determined contribution	(510)		(945)			
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	=			
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,891,686	\$	1,451,508			
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.03%		0.07%			
PSPRS OPEB - Fire	 Reporting I	Fisca	al Year			
PSPRS OPEB - Fire	Reporting I	Fisca	2018			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	Fisca \$				
	\$ 2019 1,681		2018 1,591			
Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 2019		2018			
Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 2019 1,681	\$	2018 1,591			

		2016
		through
	2017	2010
\$	-	Information
		not available
	-	
\$	-	
\$	1,738,951	
	0.00%	
	0.0078	
-		2016
		2016 through
	2017	
	2017	through
\$	2017 2,308	through
\$		through 2010
\$		through 2010 Information
\$	2,308	through 2010 Information
	2,308	through 2010 Information
\$	2,308	through 2010 Information

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO PENSION/OPEB PLAN SCHEDULES June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2017 actuarial valuation 19 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from

7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate

of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS. In the

2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for

PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from

5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016

fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females)

NOTE 2 FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. PSPRS allowed the City to phase in the increased contributions for members who were retired as of the law's effective date over 3 years. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially determined contributions for 2016 and 2017. Also, the City refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the City to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Hig	hway User Fund	Transit	Court Surcharge	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 5,149	\$	13,561
Accounts receivable - net		-	23,558		-
Due from other governments		125,903	-		-
Due from other funds		-	-		98,678
Total assets	\$	125,903	\$ 28,707	\$	112,239
LIABLIITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	24,317	\$ 8,481	\$	-
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		14,222	8,912		-
Due to other funds		87,364	11,314		-
Total liabilities		125,903	28,707		-
FUND BALANCES Restricted for					
Court purposes		-	-		112,239
Assigned for					
Capital projects		-	 -		
Total fund balance			 		112,239
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	125,903	\$ 28,707	\$	112,239

			Capital	Total				
Debt Service		Sai	ndia CFD	Ма	rtin Valley CFD	Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	13,840			\$	69,801	
Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	23,558	
	_		-		_		125,903	
	_		-		-		98,678	
\$	_	\$	13,840	\$	37,251	\$	317,940	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,798	
	-		-		-		23,134	
	-						98,678	
			-		-		154,610	
	-		-		-		112,239	
			13,840		37,251		51,091	
			13,840		37,251		163,330	
\$		\$	13,840	\$	37,251	\$	317,940	

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue								
REVENUE	Hig	jhway User Fund		Transit		Court Surcharge			
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Intergovernmental		1,030,553		94,232		-			
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		7,753			
Charges for services		-		32,791		-			
Investment income		-		5		139			
Miscellaneous		34,253		5,039		_			
Total revenue		1,064,806		132,067		7,892			
EXPENDITURES Current									
Highways and streets		1,157,177		337,969		-			
Redevelopment and housing		-		-		-			
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-			
Interest and other charges		-		-		-			
Debt issuance costs		-		-		-			
Total expenditures		1,157,177		337,969		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over (under) expenditures		(92,371)		(205,902)		7,892			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers		44,939		46,894		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		44,939		46,894		-			
Net change in fund balances		(47,432)		(159,008)		7,892			
Fund balance, beginning of year		47,432		159,008		104,347			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,239			

		Capital		Total		
						Non-Major
Debt			Ma	rtin Valley	Go	overnmental
Service		ndia CFD		CFD		Funds
\$ -	\$	1,932	\$	3,977	\$	5,909
-		-		-		1,124,785
-		-		-		7,753
-		-		-		32,791
-		5		6		155
 -		-		-		39,292
 		1,937		3,983		1,210,685
-		-		-		1,495,146
-		2,550		4,474		7,024
380,000		-		-		380,000
98,009		-		-		98,009
 -		-		-		-
478,009		2,550		4,474		1,980,179
(478,009)	-	(613)		(491)		(769,494)
 478,009		-		-		569,842
478,009		-		-		569,842
-		(613)		(491)		(199,652)
 		14,453		37,742		362,982
\$ -	\$	13,840	\$	37,251	\$	163,330

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA GENERAL GOVERNMENT IMPACT FEES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2019

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		riginai		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenue	•		•		•	044.400	•	554.400
Charges for services	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	611,193	\$	551,193
Investment income		562		562		684		122
Total revenue		60,562		60,562		611,877		551,315
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		6,169		6,169		6,151		18
Public safety		10,150		10,150		6,859		3,291
Total expenditures		230,576		230,576		28,849		38,749
Net change in fund balance		(170,014)		(170,014)		368,259		538,273
Fund balance, beginning of year		170,014		170,014		378,212		208,198
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	746,471	\$	746,471

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total Effect duffe 60, 2016	Budgeted Original	Amou	ints Final	 Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenue Taxes	\$ 1,316,000	\$	1,316,000	\$ 1,353,142	\$	37,142
Investment income	 1,600		1,600	 2,480		880
Total revenue	 1,317,600		1,317,600	 1,361,919		44,319
Expenditures Current						
General government	-		-	120,338		(120,338)
Capital outlay	1,542,907		1,542,907	280,906		1,262,001
Debt service						
Principal	139,901		139,901	207,287		(67,386)
Interest and debt cost Total expenditures	 1,682,808		1,682,808	5,986 614,517		(5,986) 1,068,291
rotal experiolitires	 1,002,000		1,002,000	 014,517		1,000,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	 (365,208)		(365,208)	 747,402		1,112,610
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	 (538,731)		(538,731)	 (634,604)		(95,873)
Net change in fund balance	(903,939)		(903,939)	112,798		1,016,737
Fund balance, beginning of year	 903,939		903,939	1,509,792		605,853
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$ 1,622,590	\$	1,622,590

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA ROAD TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

Teal Linded dulle 30, 2013	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenue Intergovernmental	\$ 480,500	\$ 480,500	\$ 584,969	\$ 104,469	
Investment income	1,200	1,200	5,852	4,652	
Total revenue	481,700	481,700	590,821	109,121	
Expenditures					
Current					
Highways and streets	230,114	230,114	371,376	(141,262)	
Capital outlay	815,000	815,000	(54,729)	869,729	
Debt service					
Principal	29,811	29,811	(2,893)	32,704	
Interest and debt cost			2,893	(2,893)	
Total expenditures	1,074,925	1,074,925	316,647	758,278	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	(593,225)	(593,225)	274,174	867,399	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Face amount of loan issuance	650,000	650,000	-	650,000	
Transfers	(391,520)	(391,520)	(208,259)	(183,261)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	258,480	258,480	(208,259)	466,739	
Net change in fund balance	(334,745)	(334,745)	65,915	400,660	
Fund balance, beginning of year	334,745	334,745	789,151	454,406	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 855,066	\$ 855,066	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND ENTERPRISE FUNDS

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA HIGHWAY USER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	Amoi	unts			Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenue Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Total revenue	\$ 1,004,940	\$	1,004,940 - 1,004,940	\$	1,030,553 34,253 1,064,806	\$	25,613 34,253 59,866
Expenditures Current							
Highways and streets Total expenditures	 1,239,704 1,239,704		1,239,704 1,239,704	_	1,157,177 1,157,177		82,527 82,527
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(234,764)		(234,764)		(92,371)		142,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 234,764		234,764		44,939		(189,825)
Net change in fund balance	-		-		(47,432)		(47,432)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 				47,432		(47,432)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	(94,864)

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA
TRANSIT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET
AND ACTUAL
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	al Budget
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenue				_		_	'	
Intergovernmental	\$	70,674	\$	70,674	\$	94,232	\$	23,558
Charges for services		34,075		34,075		32,791		(1,284)
Investment income		-		-		5		5
Contributions		6,500		6,500		-		(6,500)
Miscellaneous		200		200		5,039		4,839
Total revenue		111,449		111,449		132,067		20,618
Expenditures								
Current		001 005		001.005		007.000		E0.010
Highways and streets		391,285		391,285		337,969	1	53,316
Total expenditures		391,285		391,285		337,969		53,316
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(279,836)		(279,836)		(205,902)		73,934
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		230,346		230,346		46,894		(183,452)
Net change in fund balance		(49,490)		(49,490)		(159,008)		(109,518)
Fund balance, beginning of year		49,490		49,490		159,008		208,498
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	98,980

Variance with

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amour	nts		Fina	ance with
	 Original		Final	 Actual		ositive egative)
Revenue						
Investment income	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total revenue	 		-			-
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal	472,731		472,731	401,314		71,417
Interest and debt cost	-		-	76,695		(76,695)
Total expenditures	472,731		472,731	478,009		(5,278)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	 (472,731)		(472,731)	 (478,009)		(5,278)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers	472,731		472,731	 478,009		5,278
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	 					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 	\$	

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA SANDIA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2019

100. 2.1000 00.10 00, 2010		Budgeted	Amoun	its			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	С	riginal		Final	A	Actual		egative)
Revenue								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,933	\$	1,933
Investment income		-		_		5		5
Total revenue		-		-		1,938		1,938
Expenditures Current								
Redevelopment and housing		15,530		15,530		2,549		12,981
Total expenditures		15,530		15,530		2,549		12,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(15,530)		(15,530)		(611)		14,919
Net change in fund balance		(15,530)		(15,530)		(611)		14,919
Fund balance, beginning of year		15,530		15,530		14,452		(1,078)
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	13,841	\$	13,841

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA MARTIN VALLEY COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Tou. 2.1000 out to 00, 2010		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Or	iginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenue								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,976	\$	3,976
Investment income		-				6		6
Total revenue						3,982		3,982
Expenditures Current								
Redevelopment and housing		39,169		39,169		4,474		34,695
Total expenditures		39,169		39,169		4,474		34,695
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		(39,169)		(39,169)		(492)		38,677
Net change in fund balance		(39,169)		(39,169)		(492)		38,677
Fund balance, beginning of year		39,169		39,169		37,744		(1,425)
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$		\$	37,252	\$	37,252

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA LIQUID WASTE ENTERPISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

Teal Ended built 50, 2015	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Revenue				<u>(************************************</u>
Charges for services	\$ 881,993	\$ 881,993	\$ 877,847	\$ (4,146)
Total operating revenue	881,993	881,993	877,847	(4,146)
Operating Expenses				
Costs of services	2,006,893	2,006,893	593,248	1,413,645
Depreciation	-	-	534,947	(534,947)
Total operating expenses	2,006,893	2,006,893	1,128,195	878,698
Operating income (loss)	(1,124,900)	(1,124,900)	(250,348)	874,552
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)				
Investment revenue	1,820	1,820	1,725	(95)
Interest expense	(143,153)	(143,153)	(29,852)	113,301
Total nonoperation	<u> </u>			
revenue (expenses)	(141,333)	(141,333)	(28,127)	113,206
Income (loss) before capital				
contributions, and transfers	(1,266,233)	(1,266,233)	(278,475)	987,758
Transfers out	(39,005)	(39,005)	(39,005)	
Change in net position	(1,305,238)	(1,305,238)	(317,480)	987,758
Total net position, beginning of year	1,305,238	1,305,238	20,308,224	19,002,986
Total net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,990,744	\$ 19,990,744

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA SOLID WASTE ENTERPIRSE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total Ended outle 60, 2010	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Operating revenue					
Charges for service	\$ 1,119,400	\$ 1,119,400	\$ 1,108,726	\$ (10,674)	
Total operating revenue	1,119,400	1,119,400	1,108,726	(10,674)	
Operating expenses					
Costs of services	1,330,836	1,330,836	846,541	484,295	
Depreciation	-	-	30,729	(30,729)	
Total operating expenses	1,330,836	1,330,836	877,270	453,566	
Operating income (loss)	(211,436)	(211,436)	231,456	442,892	
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)					
Investment revenue	400	400	682	282	
Income (loss) before capital					
contributions, and transfers	(211,036)	(211,036)	232,138	443,174	
Transfers out	(47,035)	(47,035)	(47,035)		
Change in net position	(258,071)	(258,071)	185,103	443,174	
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated	258,071	258,071	(29,816)	(287,887)	
Total net position, end of year	\$	\$ -	\$ 155,287	\$ 155,287	

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA LIQUID WASTE IMPACT FEES ENTERPIRSE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating revenue				
Charges for service	\$ 70,336	\$ 70,336	\$ 184,391	\$ 114,055
Total operating revenue	70,336	70,336	184,391	114,055
Operating expenses				
Costs of services	122,500	122,500	8,574	113,926
Depreciation				
Total operating expenses	122,500	122,500	8,574	113,926
Operating income (loss)	(52,164)	(52,164)	175,817	227,981
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)				
Investment revenue	100	100	149	49
Change in net position	(52,064)	(52,064)	175,966	228,030
Total net position, beginning of year	52,064	52,064	66,667	14,603
Total net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,633	\$ 242,633

CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA AIRPORT ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total Ended dulle do, 2010	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Operating revenue				
Charges for service	\$ 43,008	\$ 43,008	\$ 42,302	\$ (706)
Total operating revenue	43,008	43,008	42,302	(706)
Operating expenses				
Costs of services	297,433	297,433	216,623	80,810
Depreciation	-	-	193,050	(193,050)
Total operating expenses	297,433	297,433	409,673	(112,240)
Operating income (loss)	(254,425)	(254,425)	(367,371)	(112,946)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)				
Interest expense	(66,643)	(66,643)	(23,102)	43,541
Income (loss) before capital				
contributions, and transfers	(321,068)	(321,068)	(390,473)	(69,405)
Transfers in	318,568	318,568	576,032	257,464
Change in net position	(2,500)	(2,500)	185,559	188,059
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated	2,500	2,500	4,593,741	4,591,241
Total net position, end of year	_\$	\$ -	\$ 4,779,300	\$ 4,779,300

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

CITY OF COOLIDGE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE June 30, 2019

Governmental funds capital assets

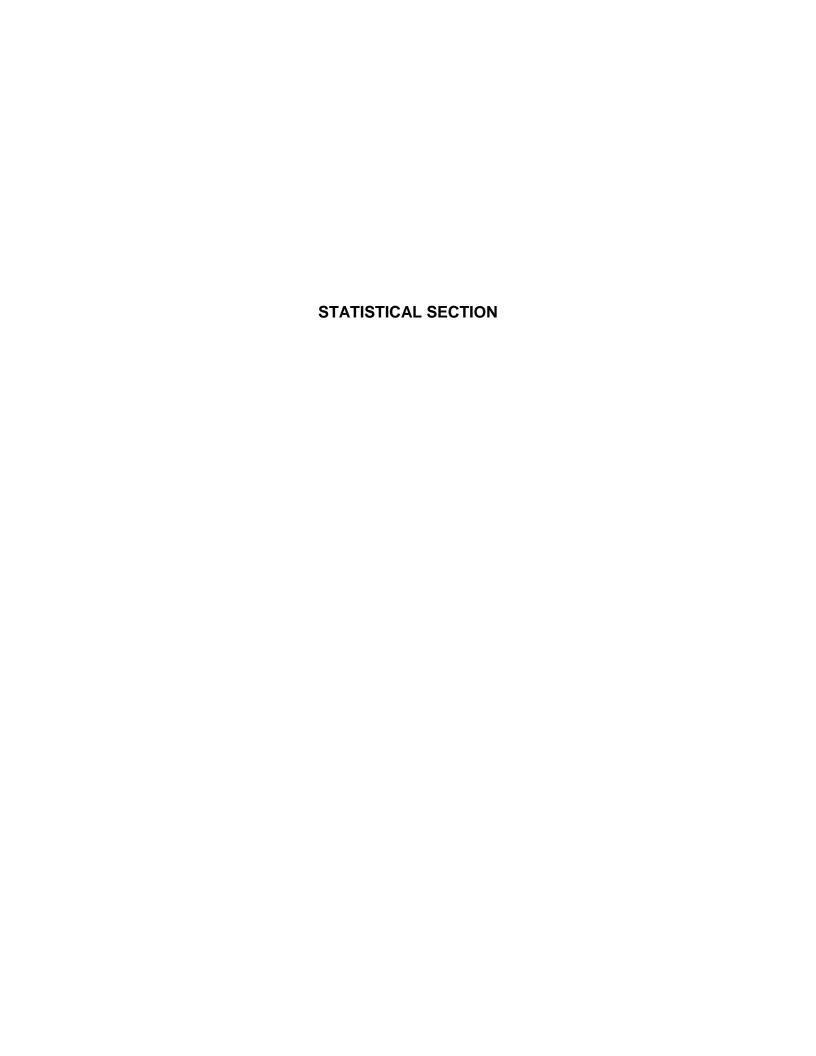
Land	\$ 1,287,774
Buildings and improvements	15,619,624
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	10,102,345
Infrastructure	77,610,919
Construction in progress	 497,873
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 105,118,535
Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source	
Government funds	\$ 105,118,535
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 105,118,535

CITY OF COOLIDGE
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY
June 30, 2019

Function and Activity				Vehicles, Buildings and Machinery and Improvements Equipment		Construction in Infrastructure Progress					Total		
General Government	\$	776,963	\$	3,302,269	\$	822,846	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,902,078	
Highways and Streets Public Safety		65,713 118,504		1,082,799 4,076,494		3,328,250 5,497,045		77,064,667 192,405		497,873		81,541,429 10,382,321	
Culture and Recreation		326,594		7,158,062		454,204		353,847		-		8,292,707	
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	1,287,774	\$	15,619,624	\$	10,102,345	\$	77,610,919	\$	497,873	\$	105,118,535	

CITY OF COOLIDGE CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY June 30, 2019

Function and Activity	F	overnmental unds Capital Assets uly 01, 2018	Additions	[Deductions	F	overnmental unds Capital Assets une 30, 2019
General Government Highways and Streets Public Safety Culture and Recreation	\$	4,872,500 81,547,929 9,832,847 8,231,696	\$ 29,578 - 796,339 61,011	\$	- (6,500) (246,865) -	\$	4,902,078 81,541,429 10,382,321 8,292,707
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	104,484,972	\$ 886,928	\$	(253,365)	\$	105,118,535



STATISTICAL SECTION

Contents

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Sources : Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports	

for the relevant year.

City of Coolidge Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year	
	2019	2018	2017
Governmental Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 49,964,342	\$ 52,073,197	\$ 53,069,698
Restricted	2,142,816	1,854,884	1,965,669
Unrestricted	(5,698,959)	(6,972,016)	(7,759,744)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	46,408,199	46,956,065	47,275,623
Business-type Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,066,098	24,223,422	24,803,982
Restricted	302,441	124,407	124,683
Unrestricted	801,495	590,985	308,732
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	25,170,034	24,938,814	25,237,397
Primary Government			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	74,030,440	76,296,619	77,873,680
Restricted	2,445,257	1,979,291	2,090,352
Unrestricted	(4,897,464)	(6,381,031)	(7,451,012)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 71,578,233	\$ 71,894,879	\$ 72,513,020

Source: City of Coolidge

In fiscal year 2015; beginning net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 In fiscal year 2018; beginning net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75

Table 1

				Fiscal Year		
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 56,257,356	\$ 56,083,450	\$ 53,694,745	\$ 55,668,079	\$ 57,354,851	\$ 58,981,146	\$ 60,590,221
2,099,583	2,402,506	1,974,832	1,907,475	2,460,226	2,896,898	3,377,216
(6,992,820)	(6,341,385)	5,070,031	4,541,654	4,926,034	4,718,631	2,971,682
51,364,119	52,144,571	60,739,608	62,117,208	64,741,111	66,596,675	66,939,119
23,670,890	23,184,413	24,160,069	23,827,841	23,009,425	23,137,047	23,426,566
136,686	137,586	165,517	167,019	232,058	271,287	244,382
138,053	607,724	667,991	376,411	584,748	709,301	687,527
23,945,629	23,929,723	24,993,577	24,371,271	23,826,231	24,117,635	24,358,475
79,928,246	79,267,863	77,854,814	79,495,920	80,364,276	82,118,193	84,016,787
2,236,269	2,540,092	2,140,349	2,074,494	2,692,284	3,168,185	3,621,598
(6,854,767)	(5,733,661)	5,738,022	4,918,065	5,510,782	5,427,932	3,659,209
\$ 75,309,748	\$ 76,074,294	\$ 85,733,185	\$ 86,488,479	\$ 88,567,342	\$ 90,714,310	\$ 91,297,594

City of Coolidge
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

				Fis	cal Y	′ear		
		2019		2018		2017		2016
T. manage								
Expenses Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	2,793,489	\$	3,094,226	\$	3,142,157	\$	2,965,310
	φ	6,464,459	φ	7,115,555	φ		φ	6,940,532
Public safety				, ,		7,135,145		, ,
Highways and streets		4,951,187		4,964,760		6,176,392		5,212,204
Transportation Culture and recreation		1,271,022		1,275,939		1,299,193		1,194,570
		902,873		688,882		603,152		964,348
Redevelopment and housing		,		,		,		,
Interest on Long-term Debt	¢	73,173	Φ	69,441	\$	67,563	\$	48,955
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	16,456,203	\$	17,208,803	φ	18,423,602	Φ	17,325,919
Business-type Activities								
Liquid waste	\$	1,158,047	\$	1,098,000	\$	1,133,496	\$	1,215,539
Solid waste		877,270		875,163		915,091		979,909
Liquid waste impact fees		8,574		1,835		-		-
Solid waste impact fees		-		· -		-		=
Other enterprise funds ⁺		432,774		617,734		377,774		299,648
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	\$	2,476,665	\$	2,592,732	\$	2,426,361	\$	2,495,096
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	18,932,868	\$	19,801,535	\$	20,849,963	\$	19,821,015

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Source: City of Coolidge

⁺ Other enterprise funds consist primarily of the Municipal Airport and Cable Television through fiscal year 2007.

Table 2

			Fisca	al Ye	ar			
 2015	 2014	2013		2012		2011		 2010
\$ 3,756,244 6,839,973 4,918,698	\$ 3,044,700 5,857,764 4,803,538	\$	2,508,220 5,895,157 4,298,605	\$	2,501,833 5,900,691 4,421,687	\$	2,885,857 5,061,857 4,463,941	\$ 3,104,535 5,182,718 3,819,264
1,194,697 1,053,911 69,722	1,090,040 992,036 111,078		1,036,188 710,347 129,105		1,053,273 916,594 139,697		901,294 1,506,637 166,222	954,825 1,883,403 173,270
\$ 17,833,245	\$ 15,899,156	\$	14,577,622	\$	14,933,775	\$	14,985,808	\$ 15,118,015
\$ 1,142,278 959,881 - -	\$ 1,113,447 959,575 3,990	\$	1,110,775 1,063,751 380	\$	1,120,950 1,041,663 -	\$	1,030,066 1,042,725 5,051 470	\$ 1,155,920 893,302 46,355 9,923
 192,884	 122,873		121,826		114,103		64,943	 102,608
\$ 2,295,043	\$ 2,199,885	\$	2,296,732	\$	2,276,716	\$	2,143,255	\$ 2,208,108
\$ 20,128,288	\$ 18,099,041	\$	16,874,354	\$	17,210,491	\$	17,129,063	\$ 17,326,123

continued

City of Coolidge Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal	Yea	r		
		2019		2018		2017		2016
Program Revenue								
Governmental Activities:								
Fees, Fines and Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	251,026	\$	151,468	\$	74,234	\$	100,570
Public safety		402,541		513,562		414,890		419,816
Highway and streets		32,791		39,456		39,924		51,436
Transportation		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		97,760		97,325		96,161		102,677
Redevelopment and housing		436,683		110,673		91,193		153,477
Interest on long-term debt		_		-		-		-
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,461,768		2,978,648		2,881,798		3,418,148
Capital Grants and Contributions		526,663		2,048,033		545,255		2,225,648
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$	5,209,232	\$	5,939,165	\$	4,143,455	\$	6,471,772
Business-type Activities								
Charges for Services:								
Liguid waste	\$	877,850	\$	877,971	\$	867,099	\$	877,136
Solid waste	•	1,108,725	·	1,080,305	•	1,146,462	•	1,135,455
Liquid waste impact fees		186,458		1,693		-		9,026
Solid waste impact fees		_		-		_		_
Other enterprise funds⁺		42,303		42,645		48,086		84,424
Operating Grants and Contributions		-		-,5.5		-		-
Capital Grants and Contributions				_		1,515,001		437,783
Total Business-type Activities Revenues		2,215,336		2,002,614		3,576,648		2,543,824
71		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, , -
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$	7,424,568	\$	7,941,779	\$	7,720,103	\$	9,015,596
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental Activities	\$	(11,246,971)	\$	(11,269,638)	\$	(14,280,147)	\$	(10,854,147)
Business-type Activities	Ψ	(261,329)	Ψ	(590,118)	Ψ	1,150,287	Ψ	48,728
Total Primary Government Net Revenue	\$	(11,508,300)	\$	(11,859,756)	\$	(13,129,860)	\$	(10,805,419)
Total I filially Government Net Nevertue	Ψ	(11,500,500)	Ψ	(11,009,700)	Ψ	(13,123,000)	Ψ	(10,000,419)

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Source: City of Coolidge

* Other enterprise funds consist primarily of the Municipal Airport and Cable Television through fiscal year 2007.

					Fisc	al Y	ear				
	2015		2014	2013			2012	2011	2010		
\$	59,230	\$	107,107	\$	80,878	\$	266,048	\$	154,360	\$	146,116
·	456,827	•	460,374		440,238	•	352,314	•	444,401	,	25,516
	58,740		90,663		95,249		66,212		18,272		26,996
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	95,440		93,968		103,583		107,561		117,708		380,973
	121,277		81,388		112,186		115,924		77,722		174,800
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	3,406,637		2,151,450		2,214,444		2,472,170		2,858,145		2,125,970
_	4,776,109	_	1,966,407	_	219,014	_	1,251,550		1,919,637		2,344,111
\$	8,974,260	\$	4,951,357	\$	3,265,592	\$	4,631,779	\$	5,590,245	\$	5,224,482
\$	857,995	\$	994,391	\$	832,203	\$	840,139	\$	914,912	\$	861,102
	1,122,502		1,031,434		850,001		860,889		811,908		766,776
	5,656		-		12,203		-		-		-
	-		-		50		-		-		-
	40,973		63,110		68,094		40,494		42,266		63,025
	100,878		57,032		- 1,140,935		- 250,158		20,033		800,927
	2,128,004		2,145,967		2,903,486		1,991,680		1,789,119		2,491,830
\$	11,102,264	\$	7,097,324	\$	6,169,078	\$	6,623,459	\$	7,379,364	\$	7,716,312
\$	(8,858,985)	\$	(10,947,799)	\$	(11,312,030)	\$	(10,301,996)	\$	(9,395,563)	\$	(9,893,533)
	(167,039)		(53,918)		606,754		(285,036)		(354,136)		283,722
\$	(9,026,024)	\$	(11,001,717)	\$	(10,705,276)	\$	(10,587,032)	\$	(9,749,699)	\$	(9,609,811)

continued

City of Coolidge
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year								
		2019	_	2018		2017		2016	
Governmental Revenues and									
Other Changes in Net Position									
Governmental Activities									
Sales taxes	\$	5,436,704	\$	5,483,772	\$	4,915,030	\$,,	
Property taxes		1,608,702		1,664,521		1,691,080		1,612,172	
Sales taxes, levied for capital projects		-		-		-		-	
Franchise taxes		336,625		354,147		309,864		313,642	
Impact Fees State shared revenues-not restricted*		-		-		-		-	
to specific programs		3,599,329		3,480,556		3,296,361		3,183,150	
Investment income		14,645		13,307		10,648		10,964	
Miscellaneous		193,092		176,158		107,802		48,620	
Transfers in (out)		(489,992)		(266,749)		(139,134)		117,008	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,699,105	\$	10,905,712	\$	10,191,651	\$	10,073,695	
Business-type activities									
Investment income		2,557		1,681		2,347		2,229	
Miscellaneous		-		22,631		-		81,957	
Transfers in (out)		489,992	_	266,749	_	139,134	_	(117,008)	
Total Business-type Activities	\$	492,549	\$	291,061	\$	141,481	\$	(32,822)	
Changes in Net Position									
Governmental Activities	\$	(547,866)	\$	(363,926)	\$	(4,088,496)	\$	(780,452)	
Business-type Activities		231,220		(299,057)	_	1,291,768	_	15,906	
Total Primary Government	\$	(316,646)	\$	(662,983)	\$	(2,796,728)	\$	(764,546)	

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004 Source: City of Coolidge

	Fiscal Year										
	2015		2014	2013			2012		2011		2010
\$	5,057,608	\$	5,424,593	\$	4,779,474	\$	4,836,847	\$	6,037,445	\$	4,927,926
	1,483,083		1,472,607		755,791		707,216		699,862		648,648
	315,851		309,842		304,603		294,566		282,896		269,567
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	3,101,728		2,920,381		2,671,289		2,442,437		1,947,219		2,168,886
	9,044		10,721		13,347		16,081		13,528		28,712
	130,605		106,792		100,450		140,834		114,123		46,316
_	(86,961)	_	(674,737)	_	63,173	_	8,451	_	(41,954)	_	(114,296)
\$	10,010,958	\$	9,570,199	\$	8,688,127	\$	8,446,432	\$	9,053,119	\$	7,975,759
	1,522		1,487		1,459		2,083		1,306		5,065
	-		-		-		-		70,036		74,145
	86,961		674,737		(63,173)		(8,451)		41,954		114,296
\$	88,483	\$	676,224	\$	(61,714)	\$	(6,368)	\$	113,296	\$	193,506
\$	1,151,973	\$	(1,377,600)	\$	(2,623,903)	\$	(1,855,564)	\$	(342,444)	\$	(1,917,774)
_	(78,556)		622,306		545,040		(291,404)		(240,840)		477,228
\$	1,073,417	\$	(755,294)	\$	(2,078,863)	\$	(2,146,968)	\$	(583,284)	\$	(1,440,546)

City of Coolidge Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2019		2	2018		2017		2016		2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved	•	_	•	_	,	_	•	_	,	_
Restricted		_		-		_		-		_
Assigned		_		-		_		-		_
Unassigned	4,8	370,099	3,7	61,273	2,6	27,838	3,4	23,144	3	3,800,044
Total General Fund	\$4,8	370,099	\$ 3,7	61,273	\$ 2,6	327,838	\$ 3,4	23,144	\$ 3	3,800,044
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	7	748,706	8	03,891	5	550,638	7	97,932		928,508
Capital Projects Funds	2,6	377,155	2,6	77,155	2,7	'62,854	2,4	83,013	2	2,881,192
Assigned Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds										
Capital Projects Funds		51,091	;	52,195		55,386		56,165		51,260
Unassigned										-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 3,4	176,952	\$ 3,5	33,241	\$ 3,3	868,878	\$ 3,3	37,110	\$ 3	3,860,960

GASB Statement NO. 54 established new categories for reporting fund balance for Fiscal Year 2011. Fund balances are now reported as Restricted, Assigned, or Unassigned per the City's Fund Balance Policy.

Source: City of Coolidge

Table 3

	Fiscal Year								
2014		2013	2012	2011	2010				
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
	-	-	-	-	3,181,090				
	-	-	-	-	-				
	-	818,216	1,176,292	270,029	-				
	4,829,748	3,868,150	4,203,097	5,394,109					
\$	4,829,748	\$ 4,686,366	\$ 5,379,389	\$ 5,664,138	\$ 3,181,090				
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
•		•	•	•	•				
	-	-	-	-	(230,265)				
	-	-	-	-	3,249,442				
	650,332	764,850	530,638	367,514	-				
	2,592,146	2,050,640	1,929,588	2,416,631	-				
					-				
	47,596	45,112	653,179	101,304	-				
_	-								
\$	3,290,074	\$ 2,860,602	\$ 3,113,405	\$ 2,885,449	\$ 3,019,177				

City of Coolidge Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
		2019		2018	2017	2016	
Revenues							
Taxes*	\$	7,429,472	\$	7,501,393	\$ 6,907,165	\$ 6,710,810	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	6,929,888	Ψ	6,945,741	6,714,584	6,626,016	
Fines and forfeits		227,011		288,410	313,569	323,925	
Licenses and permits		365,992		171,527	173,451	248,713	
Charges for services		1,073,477		407,214	286,203	406,358	
Investment income		14,645		13,307	10,340	10,969	
Contributions		-		2,674	-	-	
Impact Fees		_		_,0	_	_	
Miscellaneous		375,757		147,661	60,117	66,297	
Total Revenues		16,416,242		15,477,927	14,465,429	14,393,088	
Total Novollado	_	10,110,212	-	10,111,021	11,100,120	11,000,000	
Expenditures							
General Government		2,666,975		2,800,181	2,859,493	2,667,269	
Public Safety		5,662,936		6,209,947	6,332,918	6,506,055	
Highways and streets		2,370,604		2,336,503	3,415,305	2,546,173	
Transportation		-		-	-	-	
Culture and recreation		1,132,060		1,113,841	1,121,064	1,019,173	
Redevelopment and housing		1,060,510		740,675	603,152	964,348	
Capital outlay		836,089		794,671	2,116,712	1,021,897	
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement		588,328		327,833	582,286	587,730	
Interest and debt cost		102,954		86,774	119,226	98,201	
Debt issuance cost			_		53,533		
Total Expenditures		14,420,456		14,410,425	17,203,689	15,410,846	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	1,995,786		1,067,502	(2,738,260)	(1,017,758)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Face amount of loan proceeds		-		-	2,550,000	-	
Capital Lease Agreements		-		-	-	-	
Loan Premium		-		-	-	-	
Transfer in		569,842		802,806	1,118,750	1,044,788	
Transfer out		(1,059,834)		(1,069,555)	(1,257,884)	(927,780)	
Debt Service Principal		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(489,992)	_	(266,749)	2,410,866	117,008	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,505,794	\$	800,753	\$ (327,394)	\$ (900,750)	
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		5.76%		-0.46%	-0.83%	4.77%	

Note: Taxes consists of Sales taxes, Property taxes and Franchise taxes

Source: City of Coolidge

Table 4

					Fisc	al Y	ear				
201	15	2014 20		2013	2012			2011	2010		
6,66 29	8,109 9,404 9,864 2,106	\$	7,210,953 7,442,155 311,363 203,549	\$	5,790,671 5,100,205 275,791 218,389	\$	5,974,331 5,920,328 332,160 197,113	\$	7,060,301 7,079,949 242,598 111,167	\$	5,846,069 6,080,668 271,954 205,140
	9,263 9,057 -		327,933 10,941 14,802		367,123 20,417 27,402		188,339 16,081 150,775		574,849 13,528 525,717		431,690 28,712 -
6	3,276		79,875		43,368		125,419		47,616		82,451
	1,079		15,601,571		11,843,366		12,904,546		15,655,725		12,946,684
						-					
	7,085		2,765,525		2,273,784		2,262,925		2,435,724		2,794,304
	3,110 6,161		5,448,528 2,439,948		5,463,294 1,950,523		5,479,771 1,998,605		4,646,790 2,035,519		5,009,946 1,592,245
2,00	-		2,439,940		1,930,323		1,990,003		2,033,319		1,592,245
	8,677 1,905		944,927 992,036		891,075 710,347		899,145 916,594		739,544 1,500,298		785,494 1,340,225
1,33	3,597		1,966,407		1,174,094		893,924		1,310,535		2,566,784
	0,606		592,154 139,930 46,560		379,490 137,248		366,460 152,366		426,661 169,380		453,244 188,438
15 51	2,312		15,336,015		12,979,855	_	12,969,790		13,264,451	_	14,730,680
	1,233)		265,556		(1,136,489)		(65,244)		2,391,274		(1,783,996)
			1,910,000		_						_
66	9,376		-		_		_		_		_
	-		237,035		-		-		-		-
	8,457		1,157,437		1,091,541		1,019,171		2,268,337		751,123
(1,14	5,418)		(1,087,174)		(1,028,368)		(1,010,720)		(2,310,291)		(865,419)
58	2,415		(1,910,000)		127,490 190,663		- 8,451		<u>-</u> (41,954)		(114,296)
\$ (45	<u>8,818</u>)	\$	572,854	\$	(945,826)	\$	(56,793)	\$	2,349,320	\$	(1,898,292)
	3.05%		5.31%		4.38%		4.30%		4.97%		5.28%

City of Coolidge Sales Tax Revenue by Industry Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
		2019*			2010					
Industry	Tax Paid	Rank	Percentage of Total	Tax Paid	Rank	Percentage of Total				
Retail Trade	\$ 3,328,190	1	61.64%	\$ 2,327,812	1	49.62%				
Construction	394,071	3	7.30%	1,207,744	2	25.74%				
Communications & Utilities	715,009	2	13.24%	533,994	3	11.38%				
Restaurants/Bars	340,901	4	6.31%	271,275	4	5.78%				
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing & Fire Insurance	286,943	5	5.31%	210,408	5	4.48%				
Manufacture	52,692	7	0.98%	60,325	6	1.29%				
Wholesale Trade	37,662	8	0.70%	22,478	8	0.48%				
All Other	244,315	6	4.52%	57,391	. 7	1.22%				
Total	\$ 5,399,783	<u>.</u>	100.00%	\$ 4,691,427	<u>.</u>	100.00%				

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue

City of Coolidge Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates As of June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

		Rates	
•		State and	
Type of Tax	City	Pinal County	Combined
Privilege tax, except retail, utilities and			
telecommunication	3.00%	7.20%	10.20%
Retail	3.00%	7.20%	10.20%
	4 =00/	7.000/	0.700/
Retail - privilege tax for single item over \$10,000	1.50%	7.20%	8.70%
Hotel/Motel	6.00%	7.20%	13.20%
Tiole//Woter	0.0070	7.2070	10.20 /0
Restaurant/Bar	3.00%	7.20%	10.20%
Utilities/Telecommunications	3.00%	7.20%	10.20%
Owner transfer	4.000/	7.000/	44.000/
Construction	4.00%	7.20%	11.20%

Sources: City of Coolidge Department of Finance, Arizona Department of Revenue

City of Coolidge Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Revenue Bonds	_	Loans	 Capital Leases*	 Loans	Capital _eases*	G	Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2019	\$ 2,233,000	\$	1,071,752	\$ _	\$ 943,230	\$ 341,103	\$	4,589,085	44.97%	388.08
2018	\$ 2,383,000	\$	1,330,071	\$ 208,328	\$ 1,056,488	\$ 391,243	\$	5,369,130	47.75%	444.69
2017	\$ 2,550,000	\$	1,345,775	\$ 369,161	\$ 1,166,175	\$ 439,215	\$	5,870,326	47.78%	494.05
2016	\$ -	\$	1,829,695	\$ 526,447	\$ 1,757,520	\$ 485,112	\$	4,598,774	34.51%	386.87
2015	\$ -	\$	2,074,680	\$ 909,176	\$ 1,904,319	\$ 525,438	\$	5,413,613	37.68%	443.41
2014	\$ -	\$	2,147,035	\$ 545,407	\$ 1,474,942	\$ -	\$	4,167,384	31.27%	345.15
2013	\$ -	\$	2,270,000	\$ 777,560	\$ 1,571,456	\$ -	\$	4,619,016	37.60%	378.33
2012	\$ -	\$	2,450,000	\$ 849,560	\$ 1,691,914	\$ -	\$	4,991,474	44.39%	419.91
2011	\$ -	\$	2,625,000	\$ 1,041,020	\$ 1,808,656	\$ -	\$	5,474,676	53.65%	448.41
2010	\$ -	\$	2,790,000	\$ 1,302,681	\$ 702,463	\$ -	\$	4,795,144	52.33%	403.39

Note: The City of Coolidge did not issue general obligation bonds in fiscal years preceeding 2018.

Source: City of Coolidge

City of Coolidge Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Jurisdiction	Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation		General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding		Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to the City of Coolidge	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Coolidge Unified School District	\$	96,819,276	\$	13,556,750	\$ -	47.20%	\$	6,399,395
Central Arizona College		2,355,433,455		76,760,000	-	1.94%		1,488,811
Pinal County Arizona		2,355,433,455			-	0.00%		
Subtotal, overlapping debt				90,316,750		49.14%		7,888,206
City of Coolidge		45,703,051			3,304,752	100%		3,304,752
Total direct and overlapping debt								11,192,958

Sources: Pinal County Department of Finance, Pinal County Assessor's Office and Official Statements.

City of Coolidge Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fisca	ıl Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Secondary Assessed Value	\$ 61,937,311	\$ 45,965,151	\$ 44,433,513	\$ 41,049,162
20% Limitation Debt Limit Equal to 20% of Assessed Valuation	\$ 12,387,462	\$ 9,193,030	\$ 8,886,703	\$ 8,209,832
Total Debt Applicable to 20% Limit	-			
Legal 20% Debt Margin (Available Borrowing Capacity)	<u>\$ 12,387,462</u>	<u>\$ 9,193,030</u>	\$ 8,886,703	\$ 8,209,832
Total Net Debt Applicable to the 20% Limit as a Percentage of 20% Debt Limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
6% Limitation Debt Limit Equal to 6% of Assessed Valuation Total Debt Applicable to 6% Limit	\$ 3,716,239 	\$ 2,757,909	\$ 2,666,011	\$ 2,462,950
Legal 6% Debt Margin (Available Borrowing Capacity)	\$ 3,716,239	\$ 2,757,909	\$ 2,666,011	\$ 2,462,950
Total Net Debt Applicable to the 20% Limit as a Percentage of 6% Debt Limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Sources: Pinal County Assessor's Office.

		Fiscal	year		
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 41,249,290	\$ 41,950,010	\$ 52,418,173	\$ 59,404,008	\$ 59,406,279	\$ 62,953,883
\$ 8,249,858	\$ 8,390,002	\$ 10,483,635	\$ 11,880,802	\$11,881,256	\$ 12,590,777
-					<u>-</u>
\$ 8,249,858	\$ 8,390,002	\$10,483,635	\$11,880,802	<u>\$11,881,256</u>	\$12,590,777
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
\$ 2,474,957	\$ 2,517,001	\$ 3,145,090	\$ 3,564,240	\$ 3,564,377	\$ 3,777,233
\$ 2,474,957	\$ 2,517,001	\$ 3,145,090	\$ 3,564,240	\$ 3,564,377	\$ 3,777,233
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

City of Coolidge Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Revenue Bonds											
Fiscal Year			1	ess:		Net						
Ended	One	erating		erating		erating		Debt 9	Service	,	Pe	rcent
	_ '		_ '	J		J						
<u>June 30</u>	Rev	/enue*	Exp	enses	Re	venue	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Cov	/erage
2019	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

Note The City of Coolidge did not have pledged revenue debt in the fiscal year ended 2019 and the nine years preceding it. Information regarding debt can be found in the "Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type" Table of the Statistical Section of the CAFR, and the Notes to the Financial Statements.

^{*} The nature of the revenue pledged for the above revenue bond was sales taxes.

City of Coolidge Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	City Population	County Population	County Personal Income ⁺ (in thousands)	County Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment	Education Level in Years of Schooling	City Unemployment Rate
0040	40.450	050.000	0.400 = 40		4 470	40.4.40	40.00/
2010	12,159	356,303	9,163,740	26	4,470	13 to 16	19.6%
2011	11,825	375,770	10,204,342	27	5,033	13 to 16	20.4%
2012	12,074	382,992	11,244,944	29	3,743	13 to 16	16.2%
2013	11,882	387,365	12,285,546	32	3,660	13 to 16	16.0%
2014	11,887	389,350	13,326,148	34	3,660	13 to 16	6.5%
2015	12,209	401,918	14,366,750	36	3,660	13 to 16	6.5%
2016	12,311	413,312	11,255,255	27	3,232	13 to 16	7.4%
2017	12,528	418,540	11,689,781	28	2,127	13 to 16	5.7%
2018	12,698	430,237	11,923,577	28	4,261	13 to 16	7.0%
2019	12,993	438,842	12,162,048	28	3,500	13 to 16	6.5%

Sources: Central Arizona Governments, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Arizona Department of Commerce, Bureau of Labor and Statistics, Arizona Department of Education, US Census Bureau.

⁺ 2019 amount estimated as data was not available at time of publishing (2% increase)

City of Coolidge Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			Fiscal Year			
		<u>2019</u>					
,		Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City	
Major Employer ¹	Employees	Rank	Employment*	Employees	Rank	Employment*	
Coolidge Schools	495	1	36.11%	519	1	42.33%	
City of Coolidge	212	2	15.46%	170	3	13.87%	
Wal Mart	207	3	15.10%	180	2	14.68%	
Bright International	132	4	9.63%	130	4	10.60%	
Imagine Schools	89	5	6.49%	60	8	0.00%	
Safeway	77	6	5.62%	60	8	0.00%	
McDonalds	57	7	4.16%	45	5	3.67%	
Garrett Motors	42	8	3.06%	27	8	0.00%	
Shopes IGA	30	9	2.19%	26	6	2.12%	
Crop Production Services	30	10	2.19%	9	7	0.73%	
Total	1,371			1,226			

¹Source: Employer Data, Census and CAG

City of Coolidge Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program

Fiscal	General	Public	Highways		Culture	Redevelopment	
Year	Government	Safety	and Streets	Transportation	and Recreation	and Housing	Total
2010	32.00	80.00	10.50	6.16	29.55	12.50	170.71
2011	31.60	80.50	10.90	10.30	26.66	7.10	167.06
2012	31.65	78.50	10.15	10.50	26.66	7.20	164.66
2013	34.15	79.60	10.15	11.50	24.93	6.20	166.53
2014	31.65	80.75	10.10	11.50	26.23	5.20	165.43
2015	33.10	78.75	9.75	12.50	26.53	5.05	165.68
2016	34.70	79.00	10.75	12.50	26.53	4.30	167.78
2017	35.40	77.75	11.05	12.50	26.91	4.60	168.21
2018	35.40	77.75	11.05	12.50	26.91	5.02	168.63
2019	35.90	77.75	11.05	12.50	26.91	5.02	169.13

Source: City Budget

City of Coolidge Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fisc	cal Year		
Function	2019	2018	2017	
General Government				
# Registered voters*	6,538	5,973	6,084	
# Votes cast last primary election*	0	1,490	0	
City Court				
Charges filed/charges adjudicated (resolved)	5,688	5,468	4,884	
Communications & Public Information				
News releases/media updates	31	18	21	
Traffic construction alerts	10	12	10	
Total newsletter pages sent to citizens	16	16	16	
Web pages created/updated	124	107	110	
Number of visits to website	559,274	701,243	663,826	
Number of web pages viewed	561,768	703,156	668,830	
Number of graphics/photography projects completed	124	101	97	
Police				
# Total arrests	925	1,216	1,104	
# Moving violations citations	924	985	1,046	
Total calls for service	26,200	26,188	26,917	
Total 911 calls	7,272	7,223	8,562	
Total Part I Crimes	473	503	646	
Fire				
# All Emergency Responses	1,919	1,756	1,638	
# Fire/Haz Mat Responses	277	205	150	
# Emergency Medical Responses	1,243	1,159	1,143	
# Other Responses (False Alarms, Mutual Aid, Extrication, rescue, etc.)	399	387	345	
Financial Services				
# accounts payable checks issued	2,910	2.884	3,004	
# purchase orders	35	17	71	
Planning and Development				
Customer wait-time (in minutes) at One Stop Shop	2	2	1	
Total Number of Permits Issued	489	239	271	
Total Hambor of Formito Issued	403	200	211	

* Voter registration is taken every two years.

All years denoted with a "-" indicate that the records for that specific statistic was not determined in that fiscal year.

Source: City of Coolidge

Table 14

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
5,780	5,457	5,373	5,320	5,525	-	5,233
1,439	-	1,421	-	893	-	827
4,256	4,125	4,347	2,732	3,639	3,696	4,317
20	21	22	21	22	24	21
6	7	3	5	3	2	5
16	16	16	16	16	16	17
117	111	105	109	102	91	72
731,456	581,872	444,079	409,164	501,743	252,823	436,367
733,145	583,095	445,665	410,124	502,668	253,120	436,480
94	91	92	87	83	78	65
1,212	1,132	1,322	1,160	1,179	1,216	1,212
1,172	923	962	1,100	1,173	1,081	1,411
29,195	26,205	26,118	24,167	22,892	23,222	26,154
8.837	9,039	7,455	7,899	2,925	3,561	5,894
635	593	663	718	734	748	542
1,061	881	885	796	811	849	872
88	121	87	139	197	166	84
594	497	565	430	475	507	513
379	263	233	227	139	176	275
3,024	3,150	4,499	6,663	6,466	7,004	7,362
66	68	63	54	69	64	37
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
212	236	402	222	231	234	306

Continued

City of Coolidge Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2019	2018	2017			
Human Resources						
# of new hires (FT & PT)	39	72	57			
# of new hires (Vol)	0	4	0			
HR Operating cost as percentage of city payroll	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%			
Parks, Recreation and Library						
# attending Park & Recreation facilities annually (Aquatics)	217,323	217,371	217,212			
# of square feet of medians and rights of way maintained	1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233			
# of Library visits annually	57,349	66,498	74,530			
# of Library materials checked out annually	74,183	63,652	65,388			
Economic Vitality						
Sales Tax growth (% annual change)	-1%	3%	3%			
Construction Tax (% annual change)	-44%	182%	-6%			
Municipal Services						
# of homes serviced by Residential Refuse Collection	3,075	3,850	3,800			
Tons of refuse and garbage hauled to transfer station/landfill	5,800	5,500	5,300			
Transit Services						
Passenger Trips	31,669	31,452	36,673			
Project Miles	197,311	203,487	221,611			
Vehicle Service Hours	14,384	14,886	15,022			
Wastewater						
Sewer Service Connections	3,724	3,717	3,714			
Sewage Treated (millions gallons per day)	0.68	3,717	0.65			
Sewage Treated (millions gallons per year)	249	196	196			
Other B. I.P. Wester						
Other Public Works	2.5	2.50	E 20			
Street resurfacing (miles)	3.5	3.50	5.38			
Potholes repaired (estimate)	4,600	4,200	4,900			
Streets/Roads Maintained (miles)	221	219	215			
Citizen & Neighborhood Resources						
# of new Code Enforcement cases processed per year	169	60	432			
# of Animal control calls for service	875	1,181	928			
Neighborhood Revitalization						
# Home Emergency Repair (roofs, heating, air conditioning, etc.)	1	0	0			
# Houses rehabilitated or replaced	3	2	3			

All years denoted with a "-" indicate that the records for that specific statistic was not determined in that fiscal year. Source: City of Coolidge

Table 14

			Fiscal Year			
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010
67	63	50	64	52	55	46
4 0.01%	- 0.01%	7 0.01%	0.01%	3 0.01%	4 0.01%	3 0.01%
0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170
217,093	217,391	217,389	217,354	217,026	212,771	207,738
1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233	1,606,233
79,159	80,106	86,869	85,515	87,554	95,273	94,660
72,112	76,598	84,852	84,411	89,531	102,603	95,001
-4%	-3%	10%	-1%	-22%	27%	-3%
5%	-50%	68%	-37%	-22 % -77%	87%	-4%
3,800	3,600	3,591	3,513	3,597	3,593	3,517
5,180	6,190	6,080	6,480	6,630	5,757	6,105
49,144	56,450	53,861	52,277	35,851	39,602	21,397
225,018 15,266	204,491 13,688	224,534 14,616	272,966 14,674	202,884 11,558	229,317 10,938	68,651 7,113
13,200	13,000	14,010	14,074	11,556	10,930	7,113
3,714	3,713	3,713	3,713	3,763	3,736	3,498
0.65	0.65	0.65	0.63	0.62	0.66	0.67
196	196	196	179	227	240	221
12.98	6.90	7.72	5.10	0.25	1.00	0.00
5,200 212	4,500 211	5,000 194	6,000 194	6,000 194	5,200 194	5,200 194
212	211	194	194	194	194	194
284	432	527	307	313	134	415
1,155	823	519	1,370	1,116	-	-
1	-	-	-	1	2	9
4	6	5	4	5	9	3

Concluded

City of Coolidge Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year			
Function	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Public Safety					
Police:					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Police Vehicles	36	36	37	36	31
Fire Stations	30	30	31	30	01
Stations	3	3	3	3	3
Fire Apparatus	6	7	7		7
Other Vehicles	2	2	2		3
Other verlicles	۷	2	2	3	3
Highways and Streets					
Street (miles)	221	219	215	212	211
Streetlights	792	788	785	781	781
Traffic signals (City does not own)	7	7	7	7	7
Culture and Recreation					
Parks	12	12	12	12	12
Parks Acreage	91	91	91	91	91
Swimming Pools (City does not own)	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis Courts (City does not own)	8	8	8	8	8
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1
Transit					
Buses	11	11	11	11	11
Bus Stops	41	41	41	41	41
Wastewater					
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	73	73	73	73	73
Storm Sewers (miles)	3	3	3		3
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	2.0 MGD				

Source: City of Coolige

Table 15

Fiscal Year								
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010				
1	1	1	1	1				
38	29	28	30	32				
3	3	3	3	3				
6	6	6	6	6				
3	3	3	3	3				
194	194	194	194	194				
781	781	781	781	780				
7	7	7	7	7				
12 91 1 4 1	12 91 1 8 1	12 91 1 8 1	12 91 1 8 1	12 91 1 8 2 1				
11	7	7	8	8				
41	133	133	131	120				
73	73	73	73	73				
3	3	3	3	3				
2.0 MGD								